THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

E. H. FOSTER, } Editors.
JAS. H. HAVERSTICK, }
GEN. COSTA MAGNA, Business Manager.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, APRIL 2, 1866.

NEW JERSEY SENATOR.—Mr. SCOVILL'S card places him all right. If he stands to what he says—and we think that he is that sort of man—a sound Republican will to-morrow be elected to the Senate.

THE NEW JERSEY SENATORSHIP.—The New Jersey Senate, 10 to 9, refused to go into joint ballot for the election of a Senator in place of Mr. STOCKTON. A majority of the whole body, by a rule formerly adopted, is requisite to carry the resolution. Mr. SCOVILL, the Republican Speaker, voted with the Democrats to establish this rule, and he now voted with the Democrats.

Both Houses of the Legislature stand adjourned till to-day. ALEXANDER G. CATTELL is the prominent Republican candidate, and JOHN P. STOCKTON the Democratic candidate.

THE President has forbidden the colored people of Richmond to celebrate the anniversary of the surrender of LEE. Does he believe the war over? Does he hold, practically, Virginia to be in the Union in the same absolute sense as Pennsylvania? How, then, does he excuse this interposition? Either the President does not believe what he has affirmed as to the rightful constitutional status of the rebel States, or this act of his in flagrant violation of his professed doctrines.

TRUMBULL ON THE VETO.—To-day Senator TRUMBULL will make an exhaustive review of the President's argument against the Civil Rights Bill. His large intellectual powers, his extensive legal attainments, and his judicial temperament will attract general attention and give weight to his exposition.

THE Albany *Evening Journal*, which has evinced a disposition to go very far in support of the President, recoils in view of the last veto. In a three column leader, of marked ability, it shows why republicans cannot follow the lead of the President.

MR. WALLACE, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, has issued an address preliminary to the opening of the canvass. Col. JORDAN, the Republican Chairman, should sound his bugle for the gathering of the clans.

THIS is perfectly apparent: Those pusillanimous and individuals who propose standing by the President may as well go over to the democrats first as last.

MR. CLYMER has resigned his seat in the Senate. He thinks he is sufficiently on record now, for his own good. We concur in that judgment.

THE Fenian panic is subsiding in Canada. So far the Fenians seem to be great to talk and small in the performance.

A Card.

PITTSBURGH, March 31, 1866.

Gentlemen:—A few days since I received your call urging me to permit my name to be used as a candidate for re-election to Congress.

MARCH 16, 1866.

TO HON. J. K. MOORHEAD—*Dear Sir*:—The undersigned, in canvassing around for a candidate for Congress, feel that your present experience and great usefulness in that body eminently fit you for the position, and we also consider that the place is due to you for your long and faithful services, devotion to the Union, and your earnest and efficient advocacy of the American system, in which your own District is so vitally interested. We therefore urge and respectfully request that you will permit us to use your name as our candidate for Congress, for the 23d District, at the next Republican Union County Convention.

The very flattering terms used in regard to my services as your representative; the large number and high character of the persons signing it; representing, as they do, all the various interests of the District—agriculture, commerce, manufactures, mechanics, mining, labor, and the learned professions, have caused me to hesitate about carrying out the long cherished purpose of retiring from Congress at the end of my present term.

The earnest and overwhelming manner in which this call has been presented; the steady support and hearty approval of my official conduct, extending, for a period of seven consecutive years, has placed me under obligations that cannot be forgotten nor overlooked. Likewise, recognizing your claims upon me—your right to command any experience that I may have acquired, and my duty to use it so far as I am capable of doing so, as you have kindly intimated in your call, in "devotion to the UNION, and earnest and efficient advocacy of the AMERICAN SYSTEM."

My name is, therefore, at your disposal, to be used before the next Republican Convention for nomination as a candidate for Congress for the Twenty-second Congressional District.

Respectfully, yours,

To Messrs. Martin, Oliver & Brickell, Graff, Bennett & Co., Jones & Laughlins, Bakewell, Fears & Co., A. & D. H. Chambers, Singer, Nimick & Co., Benjamin F. Bruce, Benjamin Coursin, S. M. Kier, Alexander Gordon, and others.

A Plea for Sanitary Measures.

Editors Pittsburgh Gazette:—Will you be kind enough to call the attention of the proper officer (if you know who he is), to the horrid condition of the Allegheny Market at the Point, in addition to unwholesome kinds of filth deposited there at all hours of the day and night, there has been, for over a week, lying high and dry, exposing to the sun the dead body of a horse, the stench arising from which is intolerable, and we feel positively *ashamed* to ask a stranger to visit our shops near the Point on account of its filthy condition. The Wharf Master's attention has been called to this matter, but claims that old boilers are a nuisance over which he has jurisdiction, but dead horses do not come within the range of his duties. Surely we will not be compelled to suffer this summer, as we did last. The health and comfort of all the citizens demand cleanliness, at all times, much more of that dreadful scourge expected this summer. Can you aid in relieving us, who are compelled to work all day, and breathe an atmosphere so foul and disgusting as this! If so, do it through the columns of your welcome paper, and secure to yourselves our lasting gratitude. Citizens of the Ward,

HENRY & CO.
JAMES NELSON,
JOSEPH HAIGH & CO.,
WM. EVANS,
JAMES MCCAY,
D. F. LAFE.

Pittsburgh, March 30th, 1866.

From New Orleans The Mississippi Rising Rapidly—Increased Population.

NEW ORLEANS, March 31.—The Mississippi river is swelling to an alarming extent. Pilots report Pass a Loutre far better than the South West Pass. The steamer Monterey passed through yesterday without delay.

The Roatan Island quarantine has been removed.

The steamship Peruvian sailed this evening for Liverpool, with two thousand bales of cotton.

The city is full of visitors. The population is sixty thousand more than before the war.

Gen. Scott leaves for New York on the steamer of the 17th.

A Galveston steamship, on the 29th, reports that the Texas crops are advancing.

Immense cattle shipments still continue.

The steamer Carolina, from Liverpool, has arrived.

The cotton market is easier; sales of 2,000 bales; to-day's receipts, 4,700 bales. Low Middling, 37@37½. Gold, 125½; Sterling, 133½; New York bank checks, 5@1-2 discount.

The Motor Case—Illness of New Jersey Senator, Wright.

NEW YORK, March 31.—In the proceedings in the case of the Motor, the Chilian privateer, yesterday, a letter from her owner was produced specifying her formidable character. She was built for cruising after British pirates and blockade runners, was very fast and pierced for heavy guns.

The Newark *Advertiser* states that Senator Wright is still confined to his house. He had intended going to Washington to vote on the Steamboat case and had a carriage at the door to take him to the depot, but his health would not permit the journey. It is doubtful if he ever resumes his seat in the Senate.

Vote for Civil Rights Bill—Loan Bill.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The *Commercial's* Washington special says: A meeting called last night for the purpose of organizing a Johnson club in this city resulted in no action, the secessionists and Unionists present quarreling among themselves.

It is asserted now that Senator Morgan will vote for the civil rights bill when it next comes up, also Senator Lane, of Kansas.

The Senate Finance Committee has agreed to report the loan bill without amendment, exactly as it came from the House.

A. H. Stephens in Richmond—Fire.

RICHMOND, March 31.—Hon. Alexander H. Stephens arrived in this city to-night, en route to Washington.

The Second African Church and several adjoining houses of little value, near Gamble's mill, were destroyed by fire this evening.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.—NO. 77. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, APRIL 2, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

CITY ITEMS.

Graduated

At Duff's Mercantile College, Pittsburgh:
George R. Brown, Monroeville, Pa.
H. N. Smith, Pittsburgh.
J. A. Gaut, McKeesport, Pa.
Saml. G. Dale, Franklin, Pa.
John Y. Morris, Harrisville, Ohio.
Isaac T. Morris, Harrisville, Ohio.
Joseph Gorsuch, West Zanesville, Ohio.
James McConville, Steubenville, Ohio.
Frank L. Hise, Salem, Ohio.
Andrew B. Huffman, Gill Hall, Pa.
John W. Sidle, Licking Valley, Ohio.
W. H. Midgley, South West, Pa.
William Priggle, East Liberty, Pa.
M. T. Foreman, West Liberty, West Va.
George B. Caven, McKeesport, Pa.
James F. Welch, West Middletown, Pa.
Charles W. Nickerson, Pittsburgh.
Wm. M. Mundorff, Pittsburgh.
Daniel E. Shrum, Greensburg, Pa.
M. B. Burgher, Hastings, Mich.
Daniel Stewart, Harlansburgh, Pa.
Isaac N. Hughes, Ligonier, Pa.
T. M. Forrest, Plain Grove, Pa.
David R. Philips, Pittsburgh.
John L. Freeborn, Pittsburgh.
R. W. Lyon, Allegheny City.
Assel Adams, Girard, Ohio.
Alfred W. Crowther, New Castle, Pa.
Daniel H. silk, Woolville, Pa.
W. E. Hough, Fairmont, W. Va.
G. H. Sharon, Mt. Pleasant, O.
James P. Woodend, Saltsburg, Pa.
Samuel Bryson, Kittanning, Pa.
Wm. J. McMillan, Wheeling, West Va.
John McKinney, Pittsburgh, Pa.
A. S. Love, Clarksville, Pa.
Charles F. Dean, Pittsburgh.
George H. Trax, Freedom, Pa.
W. B. Sloan, Mansfield, Ohio.
Cyrus W. Cook, Mansfield, Ohio.
L. T. Munson, Philipsburg, Pa.
John I. Williams, Philipsburg, Pa.
A. A. Stewart, Gallipolis, Ohio.
Samuel Taylor, McKeesport, Pa.
S. S. McFarland, Sunbury, Ohio.
Samuel Graebing, Allegheny City.
Thomas C. Hall, Allegheny City.
Wm. B. Reed, Allegheny City.
Walter Shaw, Kinzi, Pa.
W. C. Henry, Sewickley, Pa.

All of whom passed the usual searching examinations in the College satisfactorily, and who will, no doubt, hereafter distinguish themselves by an honorable proficiency in business. Each graduate was awarded the beautiful Diploma of the College, as a credential of his proficiency, of his industry, and of his exemplary deportment during his course of study.

The Breaking up of Winter.

Under the hard seal of winter the filth of our cities, the pestiferous soil of our marshes and swamps, the mud and slime that form the alluvial of our great rivers, have been for nearly three months comparatively harmless. But now the early spring sun is thawing them, and the elements of disease that were torpid under the frost are fermenting, effervescing, evaporating. The atmosphere is heavy with malaria and miasma. Every cubic foot of air we breathe is tainted more or less with the mephitic vapor which returning warmth exhales from the unwholesome material of every description.

This, then, is the season when the system needs protection, and the experience of fourteen years has proved that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, by invigorating the stomach, toning the liver, regulating the bowels, and bracing the nerves, puts the whole organization in a condition of defense against the subtle poison which generates Agues, Remittent Fevers, Bilious attacks, Indigestion and Nervous diseases.

Now is the time for prevention. The *bane* is already on the wing; is it not the wildest improvidence to neglect the *antidote*? A few bottles of Hostetter's Bitters in every house in a new settlement, or a dirty city, or a marshy district, will secure the whole population against all the ordinary spring epidemics, if the preparation is universally and faithfully taken according to the directions. It is from lack of *resistant power* in their systems that men and women are prostrated by disease. Invigorate, regulate and purify the body and cheer the mind with the great Tonic, Alterative and Detergent, and *all will be well.*

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Fourth street.

Fall and Winter Goods.

It is with great pleasure we call the attention of our readers to the subperb stock of Fall and Winter Goods just received by Mr. John Weier, Merchant Tailor, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny. His stock embraces some of the most beautiful Cloths, Cassimeres, Overcoatings and Vestings ever brought to the western market. His assortment of Furnishing Goods, comprising Shirts, Drawers, Collars Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, &c., cannot be surpassed east or west. A large stock of ready made Pants Coats, Vests and Overcoats, will also be found in his establishment. Persons in want of anything in the clothing line should not fail to give Mr. Weier a call.

Bank of Lawrence County.

We are authorized to state that the notes of the Bank of Lawrence County continue to be redeemed as heretofore at par by the Tradesmen's National Bank of Pittsburgh.

The circulation of the Bank of Lawrence County and of the National Bank of Lawrence County taken together, amount to $130,000, for which the bank has deposited in the Treasury of the United States $150,000, 5-20 and 1881 gold bearing bonds.

"Procrastination is the Thief Of Time." By delaying and forgetting to have a supply of Coe's Dyspepsia Cure in the house, ready for immediate use, you may have to suffer, for many hours, pain and distress in the stomach, which would be immediately cured if you already had it on hand, ready for immediate use. It is immediate in its action, and cures permanently dyspepsia and all its kindred troubles. Sold at the lowest rates, wholesale and retail, at Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street.

The Fair and Festival

For the benefit of Grace Church, Mount Washington, will be held on Wednesday and Thursday, 11th and 12th inst., instead of 5th inst., as previously announced.

This postponement has become necessary in consequence of their inability to secure the Sunday School room for this purpose on Thursday of this week.

Tin, W. Parr & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 78 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after. It is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM FORREST.

Catarrh.

Dr. Gardner, who has been meeting with great success in the treatment of Catarrh, will again visit this city, on Tuesday, April 17th, and remain here until the 21st. He treats catarrh by the use of warm medicated inhalation. Office Monongahela House. Read his advertisement.

The Eye and Ear.

We refer our readers to the advertisement of Dr. Gardner, of New York, who will again visit this city on Tuesday, April 17th, and remain until the 21st.

Eye, Ear and Catarrh.

Dr. Gardner, Occulist and Aurist of New York, will be prepared to receive patients again on Saturday, April 17th. Read his advertisement.

Opera House.

First appearance in America of the young and beautiful Nellie H. De Lee, to-night.

Opera House.

Nellie De Lee as Miami and Children of the Wood, to-night.

Opera House.

The beautiful Nellie De Lee as Miami, to night.

From San Francisco—Death of Ex-Gov. McDougal—Report of the Bribery Investigation Committee—Congress Endorsed.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—Ex-Gov. John McDougal died yesterday of apoplexy.

The McCarthy Investigation Committee report that the late O. McCarthy's charge of bribery was wanton, malicious, false, defamatory and libellous, both to the Senate and to the people of the State represented in the Senate.

Resolutions endorsing Congress passed the Senate to-day, by a vote of 35 to 21.

Death of an Editor.

PHILADELPHIA, March 31.—Wm. S. Pierce, for twenty years past editorial editor of the *North American* and *United States Gazette*, formerly a merchant of this city, died this morning, aged sixty-three years. The Corn Exchange, at its meeting, passed resolutions of respect to his memory.

THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Consuls Decapitated.

CIRCULAR OF BRIG. GEN. HOWARD.

Condition of the Freedmen.

THE ABLE-BODIED EMPLOYED AND THE CHILDREN AND INDIGENT CARED FOR.

Government Supplies to Cease.

CRIMINALS PARDONED.

Arkansas Refugees and Freedmen.

&c., &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The President has deemed it advisable that Claudius Edward Babicet, Consul for Sweden and Norway, at New York, and S. M. Senson, Consul for the same Government at New Orleans, should no longer be permitted to continue in the exercise of their offices, and therefore has wholly revoked their exequators, declaring them void.

Brigadier General Howard, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau for the District of Columbia, has promulgated a circular stating that by the successful operation of employment offices in this city and in Alexandria, and branch offices sustained by benevolent associations in Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other northern cities; employment, at good wages, has been found sufficient for all able bodied freed people who are without work, and for all who are working for wages inadequate to the support of their families. By this and similar means, the Assistant Commissioner is prepared to provide for all the colored orphans and children. The aged and infirm and those disabled, will be furnished with comfortable houses at the freedmen's village, Arlington, and at the soldiers' rest, in Virginia. There being no longer any need of issuing government supplies to the freed people of this district by this bureau, all such issues will cease on the 10th of April next. Thereafter government relief to the freed people will be afforded only in the manner above indicated. The soup houses will be cleared, and the distribution of wood and clothing will be discontinued. It is believed that this measure, which may seem harsh or unkind, and may even result in some suffering in a limited number of cases will be of great and permanent benefit to all the colored people of the district.

Three criminals were pardoned by the Executive to-day,—J. B. Simms convicted on three indictments for smuggling in the United States District Court for the State of Texas, and sentenced to pay a fine of $1,000 on each indictment, and to be imprisoned until said fund should be paid, (in confinement since June, 1865); James Lingore and Wm. Brewster, convicted in the United States District Court of Massachusetts, on the charge of passing counterfeit fractional currency, and sentenced each to three years imprisonment and to pay a fine of $1. They have been confined since March, 1865.

The officers report for February, received from Arkansas, by the Bureau of Refugees and Freedmen, says that rations were issued to 4,561 refugees in February, against 2,310 in the preceding month, and that 1,000 were issued to 567 freedmen against 56 in February. The number of destitute refugees who have been supplied from the Government stores, has increased as much as anticipated—a hundred per cent. since the month of January. It is anticipated that the issues for March will be fully as great as those in February, but that they will be somewhat reduced in April and May and discontinued in June, except perhaps to a few who are entirely unable to work. No issues are now being made to freedmen at such points as are open to call to labor, and who have no one to depend upon to supply their wants. It is stated that thus far all efforts to induce the authorities of a single county to make work-houses for the poor, for their own poor, whether white or black, have utterly failed. Some assert their inability to do so at present, and others appear to be indifferent to the matter.

Permission was given by the Treasurer's office to re-work mouldy, funky, and otherwise damaged tobacco, upon the payment of the current rates of duty. In a circular dated February 2, 1866, the Secretary directs that on and after the first day of March, 1866, all privileges granted by former regulations, to meet the general provisions of the law, shall be and are revoked. They are no longer necessary, and liable to abuse.

The President has proclaimed the treaty made with the head men and chief of the Blackfeet band of the Sioux Indians. It is similar to the treaties recently made with the other bands of the same Indians, by which they pledge themselves not only to preserve peace towards the United States, but to withdraw from the overland routes. The faithful observance of these stipulations they are to receive seven thousand dollars per annum for twenty years.

SECRETARY SEWARD'S DISPATCHES.

Report of the Revenue Commission.

COLORED TROOPS TO BE MUSTERED OUT

Scheme of Maximilian's Agents.

NEW YORK REVENUE FRAUDS.

&c., &c., &c.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The *Tribune* this morning, publishes two further dispatches from Mr. Seward to Mr. Adams. In the first the Secretary of State refers to the anticipation on the part of European governments of retaliatory measures. But again reviews the grievances of the United States against Great Britain as well calculated to produce an expectation of retaliatory measures, but deprecates any intention on the part of the United States to go to war on account of these grievances.

More important is another dispatch of March last, communicating to Mr. Adams a copy of a dispatch in cypher, from a rebel emissary in Canada to Jefferson Davis. It gives an account of the endeavors of the rebel agents in London and Paris to obtain aid and recognition. It seems as though these agents were instructed to intimate that an armed intervention intended for the benefit of two belligerent parties in North America for the purpose of undertaking conjointly a foreign war—for instance the expulsion of the French from Mexico—might be welcomed in England with the usual unsatisfactory, non-committal manner, but in France it at once met with the declaration that no such alliance could be permitted, and that the Emperor would punish any attempt to enforce the Monroe doctrine, and that if it could be sure that the Federal Government was pressing for such a course, France would promptly recognize Southern independence.

The report of the Commission on the subject of excessive importations is published. It gives statistics showing five times as many packages of goods were imported into New York in the first six weeks of 1866, as in the same period of last year. The number of packages entered for January, were over thirty-two and a half millions. To prevent a panic the Commission recommend the passage by Congress, of a resolution increasing the duties on imports fifty per cent. for ninety days, with the single exception of printing paper, unsized, used for books and newspapers exclusively.

A special to the *Tribune* says that orders have been issued mustering out by the first of May, every colored soldier in the service.

Gen. Hancock's board is now engaged in the examination of patents for breech-loading fire-arms. They will continue in session a couple of weeks. Over thirty patents have been issued.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: A proposition has been made by the agents of Maximilian to prominent politicians to give them a contract to collect the revenue in Mexico for the term of five years, upon condition that they would prevent the Government from doing anyting in behalf of Juarez and the Republic during that period. The per centage which they offer to give on the amount collected furnishes a wide margin for a lobby fund to use upon Congress to prevent action.

In the case of the recent distillery frauds on the Internal Revenue Department in this city, some very heavy assessments, one or two as high as $50,000, have been made, but the defaulting parties confess an inability to meet the demands of the Government. The Commission is still at the Astor House, engaged in matters connected with the frauds. Compromises will probably be made in some of the cases, but it is stated that none of the civil suits pending at present, will be relinquished. Commissioner Rollins has been in consultation this morning relative to the charges of bribery connected with the matter.

A Washington correspondent says: The speech recently made in the French Senate by Jules Favre, a virtual leader of the opposition, appears to have been only second in interest and importance to the memorable address of M. Thiers. He contrasts Napoleon's domestic policy and his actual deeds, and denounced the glaring immorality of French society under the imperial reign. The address produced a tumultuous sensation in the Senate.

The *Tribune's* Toronto correspondent writes from New Brunswick, from which we learn the government of that province does not intend to submit to Parliament any scheme of confederation with Canada and the other the other provinces.

An English paper says: Sir Morton Peto is unable to attend to his Parliamentary duties, or any business in London, by reason of an attack of some severity which detains him in the country.

Arrangements for a grand mass meeting, to advocate the eight hour labor movement, were made last night at the Workingmen's Union.

Heavy Gale at Halifax.

HALIFAX, March 31.—A heavy southerly gale yesterday prostrated several buildings, and the telegraph line in all directions.

NAVAL BATTLE OFF CHILOE.

THE OFFICIAL REPORT.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Official reports of the late naval battle off the Island of Chiloe, show the loss of the allies of Chili and Peru to have been three persons killed on the corvette Union, which also had her steam chest pierced, while the America was hulled four times and the Apariume three. There is no reliable account of the loss to the Spaniards, though the Valparaiso papers say it must have been great, as the Spanish ships were knocked to pieces and dead bodies were seen floating about afterwards. This is probably an extravagant fancy.

Great rejoicings were had at Lima over this victory. The formation of the alliance between Ecuador, Chili, Bolivia and Peru, and the success thus far attending their cause had filled the people with enthusiasm. The Spanish commander still insists upon treating Chilian coal in neutral vessels as contraband of war.

The United States monitor Monadnock, had arrived at Valparaiso, Chili, together with the steamers Vanderbilt, Tuscarora and Powhattan. The monitor had behaved very well in sounding the bora. A letter written by Capt. Stanley, of the Tuscarora, states that in the heaviest weather and gales that they encountered, when he had just as much he could do to attend to the safety of his own ship, without attending to the vessel intrusted to his care, the Monadnock behaved in a splendid manner, making better weather than any vessel or convoy; and that there was no time during the fiercest part of the gale, that the Monadnock could not have fought her guns against any ship. In fact it would be perfect madness to attempt to engage a vessel under such disadvantages, for a gale is an advantage to the Monadnock in a fight. The Tuscarora will remain to watch the tenor of affairs in Chili.

SENATOR FOOT'S REMAINS.

Remarks by Senator Doolittle.

LAST MOMENTS OF THE DECEASED.

RUTLAND, Vt. April 1.—The remains of the late Senator Foot reached here yesterday evening, in charge of the Senate Committee, and were transferred to the local committee.

Mr. Doolittle made some touching and appropriate remarks, extolling the virtues and career of the deceased Senator. As his friend and intimate, he had learned to honor and revere him as the father of the Senate. His last moments are thus described by Senator Doolittle: "Clasping my hand, he said, 'Dear brother, you have always been kind to me, a dear, good brother. I can never reward you, but you know where your reward lies.' I could not speak, but he continued in a clear and distinct voice, 'The mercy of God has been very great to me in this sickness. I have so many kind friends, so many angelic ministers all around me, it seems as though a company of angels were here to bear up my sinking spirit.' Then after a pause, he said: 'I have been trying to recall if there is any human being on earth whom I have intentionally injured. I do not remember any, but if there be one I pray that God will forgive me. I will not attempt to tell you all he said. Before I left him, he arose, and in the same clear voice, to another: 'The Lord reigns. Let the earth rejoice. It is well that he does reign, and the people have reason to rejoice.' Then, looking around upon those in this chamber, he said, 'I wish no parade, no ostentatious demonstrations, to be made—only the ordinary proceedings which custom and propriety impose. I desire to be borne to my friends and home in Rutland, Vermont."

False Pretenses—Quantrell not Arrested—Gambling Hell Broken up.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Geo. C. M. Mumford & Daniel Conner, shipping merchants No. 16 Pearl street, were arrested yesterday on a charge of obtaining money, preferred by Messrs. Teitkampf & Ketching, commission merchants at No. 49 Beaver street. It appeared from the affidavits that in December last $1,500 worth of wool was shipped by the accused to complainants to be sold on commission, receiving a receipt therefor. They then sold the wool for $1,260 to another firm and also disposed of the goods in the amount of $1,500 making the complaint. Conner proved that he was absent in Europe at the time of these transactions, and was discharged from custody. Mumford was, however, required to find bail to answer the charge.

A Washington dispatch says: The person arrested here on two charges of belonging to the guerrilla Quantrell of Missouri and Kansas notoriety, proves to be a man named Wm. L. Hamilton, and has been discharged and furnished transportation to New York by order of the War Department.

A descent was made in force upon a gambling hell in Broadway, by the third precinct police, when twenty five persons were arrested. The complaint was made by a gentleman who had lost four thousand dollars at the place in the last two weeks. One of the proprietors, Miles Harsen and James Hillman were held to bail in the sum of five hundred dollars to answer.

Letter from Mr. Scovil.

PHILADELPHIA, March 31.—Mr Scovil, President of the New Jersey State Senate, has written a letter to the *Bulletin*, of this city, in which he says he requested that the Democrats should name the man, upon which I agreed to go into joint meeting. My motives have been doubted. I am right within the doors of any political district by this bureau, all such issues will cease on the 10th of April next. Thereafter government relief to the freed people will be afforded only in the manner above indicated. The soup houses will be cleared, and the distribution of wood and clothing will be discontinued. It is believed that this measure, which may seem harsh or unkind, and may even result in some suffering in a limited number of cases will be of great and permanent benefit to all the colored people of the district.

Three criminals were pardoned by the Executive to-day,—J. B. Simms convicted on three indictments for smuggling in the United States District Court for the State of Texas, and sentenced to pay a fine of $1,000 on each indictment, and to be imprisoned until said fund should be paid, (in confinement since June, 1865); James Lingore and Wm. Brewster, convicted in the United States District Court of Massachusetts, on the charge of passing counterfeit fractional currency, and sentenced each to three years imprisonment and to pay a fine of $1. They have been confined since March, 1865.

The officers report for February, received from Arkansas, by the Bureau of Refugees and Freedmen, says that rations were issued to 4,561 refugees in February, against 2,310 in the preceding month, and that 1,000 were issued to 567 freedmen against 56 in February. The number of destitute refugees who have been supplied from the Government stores, has increased as much as anticipated—a hundred per cent. since the month of January. It is anticipated that the issues for March will be fully as great as those in February, but that they will be somewhat reduced in April and May and discontinued in June, except perhaps to a few who are entirely unable to work. No issues are now being made to freedmen at such points as are open to call to labor, and who have no one to depend upon to supply their wants. It is stated that thus far all efforts to induce the authorities of a single county to make work-houses for the poor, for their own poor, whether white or black, have utterly failed. Some assert their inability to do so at present, and others appear to be indifferent to the matter.

Permission was given by the Treasurer's office to re-work mouldy, funky, and otherwise damaged tobacco, upon the payment of the current rates of duty. In a circular dated February 2, 1866, the Secretary directs that on and after the first day of March, 1866, all privileges granted by former regulations, to meet the general provisions of the law, shall be and are revoked. They are no longer necessary, and liable to abuse.

The President has proclaimed the treaty made with the head men and chief of the Blackfeet band of the Sioux Indians. It is similar to the treaties recently made with the other bands of the same Indians, by which they pledge themselves not only to preserve peace towards the United States, but to withdraw from the overland routes. The faithful observance of these stipulations they are to receive seven thousand dollars per annum for twenty years.

SECRETARY SEWARD'S DISPATCHES.

Report of the Revenue Commission.

COLORED TROOPS TO BE MUSTERED OUT

Scheme of Maximilian's Agents.

NEW YORK REVENUE FRAUDS.

&c., &c., &c.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The *Tribune* this morning, publishes two further dispatches from Mr. Seward to Mr. Adams. In the first the Secretary of State refers to the anticipation on the part of European governments of retaliatory measures, but deprecates any intention on the part of the United States to go to war on account of these grievances.

More important is another dispatch of March last, communicating to Mr. Adams a copy of a dispatch in cypher, from a rebel emissary in Canada to Jefferson Davis. It gives an account of the endeavors of the rebel agents in London and Paris to obtain aid and recognition. It seems as though these agents were instructed to intimate that an armed intervention intended for the benefit of two belligerent parties in North America for the purpose of undertaking conjointly a foreign war—for instance the expulsion of the French from Mexico—might be welcomed in England with the usual unsatisfactory, non-committal manner, but in France it at once met with the declaration that no such alliance could be permitted, and that the Emperor would punish any attempt to enforce the Monroe doctrine, and that if it could be sure that the Federal Government was pressing for such a course, France would promptly recognize Southern independence.

The report of the Commission on the subject of excessive importations is published. It gives statistics showing five times as many packages of goods were imported into New York in the first six weeks of 1866, as in the same period of last year. The number of packages entered for January, were over thirty-two and a half millions. To prevent a panic the Commission recommend the passage by Congress, of a resolution increasing the duties on imports fifty per cent. for ninety days, with the single exception of printing paper, unsized, used for books and newspapers exclusively.

A special to the *Tribune* says that orders have been issued mustering out by the first of May, every colored soldier in the service.

Gen. Hancock's board is now engaged in the examination of patents for breech-loading fire-arms. They will continue in session a couple of weeks. Over thirty patents have been issued.

The *Herald's* Washington special says: A proposition has been made by the agents of Maximilian to prominent politicians to give them a contract to collect the revenue in Mexico for the term of five years, upon condition that they would prevent the Government from doing anyting in behalf of Juarez and the Republic during that period. The per centage which they offer to give on the amount collected furnishes a wide margin for a lobby fund to use upon Congress to prevent action.

In the case of the recent distillery frauds on the Internal Revenue Department in this city, some very heavy assessments, one or two as high as $50,000, have been made, but the defaulting parties confess an inability to meet the demands of the Government. The Commission is still at the Astor House, engaged in matters connected with the frauds. Compromises will probably be made in some of the cases, but it is stated that none of the civil suits pending at present, will be relinquished. Commissioner Rollins has been in consultation this morning relative to the charges of bribery connected with the matter.

A Washington correspondent says: The speech recently made in the French Senate by Jules Favre, a virtual leader of the opposition, appears to have been only second in interest and importance to the memorable address of M. Thiers. He contrasts Napoleon's domestic policy and his actual deeds, and denounced the glaring immorality of French society under the imperial reign. The address produced a tumultuous sensation in the Senate.

The *Tribune's* Toronto correspondent writes from New Brunswick, from which we learn the government of that province does not intend to submit to Parliament any scheme of confederation with Canada and the other the other provinces.

An English paper says: Sir Morton Peto is unable to attend to his Parliamentary duties, or any business in London, by reason of an attack of some severity which detains him in the country.

Arrangements for a grand mass meeting, to advocate the eight hour labor movement, were made last night at the Workingmen's Union.

Heavy Gale at Halifax.

HALIFAX, March 31.—A heavy southerly gale yesterday prostrated several buildings, and the telegraph line in all directions.

From Savannah.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The steamer Flambeau, from Savannah, has arrived.

The Savannah *Herald* states that a Board of Health has been organized in that city, to take the initiatory steps to prevent cholera.

The trial of James W. Duncan, for murder, robbery and maltreatment of Union prisoners at Andersonville, commenced on the 26th, at Savannah.

Dodge vs. Brooks Contested Election Case.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Owing to the interruption of Congressional proceedings by the death of Senator Foot, Representative Davis could not call up Lee contested election case of Dodge vs Brooks on Friday, as he designed, but he intends to do so to-morrow.

From Texas—Advance in Real Estate.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Galveston papers say that real estate has greatly advanced in that city. Tenements and lots are selling for more than three times what they cost ten years ago. Means hire trade is good, and the grain market is rapidly filling up by importations of corn by thousands of bushels from New Orleans.

Fire at Danville, Virginia.

BALTIMORE, April 1.—A Fortress Monroe letter says: A fire occurred at Danville, Va., on the 29th, which destroyed a planing mill and woolen factory. Loss one hundred and fifty thousand dollars; insurance seventy-five thousand dollars.

New Jersey Senatorship.

NEW YORK, March 31.—A special to the *Commercial* says: Mr. Scovel has telegraphed to a Republican Senator here that all will be right on Wednesday next, and that a successor to Mr. Stockton will be duly appointed.

Descent on a Gambling House.

BOSTON, March 31.—A posse of state constables, under Major Jones, made a descent last night on the gambling house No. 15 Brattle street, and arrested thirty-five men, and seized the implements of the concern.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The Republican Executive Committee—Important Meeting.

The County Republican Executive Committee will meet, pursuant to published call, on Thursday morning next, the 5th inst., at ten o'clock, at the office of Thomas M. Marshall, Esq. It is understood that the Committee will, at this meeting, fix the time for holding the primary meetings to elect delegates to the County Convention to nominate candidates for Congress, and to select the county ticket for the ensuing election. There is a diversity of opinion as to whether there should be one or two conventions held, and as this matter will probably be determined by the Committee, at the meeting on Thursday, it is important that every member should be in attendance. Some of the gentlemen composing the Committee have never yet met with them, but it is hoped that there will be a full attendance on Thursday. The Committee is composed of the following named gentlemen

Dr. W. J. Gilmore, of Upper St. Clair Tp.
C. B. M. Smith, of Lower St. Clair Tp.
Dr. A. G. McCandless, of Pittsburgh.
John H. Stewart, of Collins township.
Daniel O'Neill, of Pittsburgh.
Robert W. Mackey, of Pittsburgh.
John S. Lambie, of Birmingham borough.
Benjamin Stephenson, of Elizabeth township.
Wm. B. Negley, of Liberty township.
William Anderson, of Allegheny city.
Edward Sprung, of West Pittsburgh.
Lee B. Davidson, of Wilkins township.
Arthur Hobson, of Allegheny city.
Henry B. Lyon, of Duquesne borough.
Augustus Ammon, of East Birmingham.
Samuel Morrow, of Pittsburgh.
Robert W. Thomas, of Collins township.
Joseph Dilworth, of Peebles township.
Wm. R. Richardson, of Temperanceville.
Josiah Guy, Jr., of Findlay township.
W. R. Ford, of Pittsburgh.
W. H. Harrison, of Pitt township.
John Chisholm, of Lawrenceville.
James Miller, Manchester.

Business at the Register's Office.

Through the courtesy of W. J. Richardson, Esq., Register and Recorder, we have been enabled to compile the following list of wills admitted to probate, and letters of administration granted during the month of March. The value of the estate mentioned in the list of wills probated aggregate $572,500.

WILLS ADMITTED TO PROBATE.

Decedent.	Executors.	Val. Estate
John Hunter	Henry Hunter	$ 1,000
Charles Moore	A. F. Moore, J. L. Ewing	1,000
Timothy McCarthy	Mary McCarthy	150,000
John F. Holmes	Mary Holmes	1,000
David D. Ramsey	{ W. Trimble and Com. } Ewing	2,500
Wm. Noble, Sr.	John Noble, D. Wilson	150,000
Edward Simpson	R. C. G. Sproull	60,000
John H. Stewart	Mary Stewart	3,000
Daniel Kuhns	{ J. and John McKelvey } N. Holmes, R. Magaffin	800
Wm Mitcheltree	N. Holmes, R. Magaffin	6,000
Nancy Hudson		1,000
Nancy Heisley	Robert Adair	1,000
Wm. Bell		1,000
Harvey P. Baird	Wm. S. Jackson	1,000
Benj. A. Mevey	James Mevey	150,000
Mary Martin	John C. Martin	1,200
D. Weier	Thomas Dull	11,000
Jacob Jester	Clara Jester	2,500
Wm. Johnston	R. Johnston, Jr.	20,000
John Campbell	R. Wallace & J. Campbell	2,500

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, APRIL 2, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be inflexibly enforced.

The price of our paper is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

THE TARIFF.—Attention is directed to the article on our third page, on this subject, from the pen of JAS. M. COOPER, Esq., of this city.

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD and Hon. THOS. WILLIAMS, availing themselves of the break in legislation caused by the death of Senator FOOT, are both on a short visit home.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

The election in Connecticut occurs today. The canvass has been one of unusual excitement, even for a gubernatorial contest. Both parties appear to be sanguine of success. In consequence, it is safe to infer the result is somewhat doubtful.

This much is clear. The conservatives, following the suggestions of Mr. SEWARD, have determined to deliver Connecticut into the hands of the copperheads. It has been apparent, for many years, that there was a stronger infusion of conservatism in Connecticut than in any other of the eastern States. That portion of the state which borders on Long Island Sound is in reality a suburb of the city of New York. A large number of copperhead merchants, and bankers, doing business in the city, have their residences there, and in addition to their own votes, exert considerable influence on their neighbors, whose business is at home.

The conservative programme seems to be, to carry Connecticut for the copperheads, if possible. In the event of success, they will next direct their efforts upon Pennsylvania and then upon New York. The idea is, to show that Mr. SEWARD has a certain amount of strength at the north, sufficient, when united with secession power at the south, to control the next presidential election. In that event Mr. SEWARD and his confidents are of the opinion he will be accepted as the candidate and be elected.

Nevertheless, we do not relinquish the hope that Connecticut will come out all right. Previously to the New Hampshire election loud vaunts were made that the democrats would be victorious. Not a few republicans entertained fears. But the issue was auspicious. In Gen. HAWLEY the republicans of Connecticut have a candidate who is entitled to their confidence. They feel this; and are working vigorously in his behalf. If the copperhead scheme of colonizing voters from the city of New York miscarries we shall have no farther apprehension for the issue. This scheme has been exposed for a sufficient length of time to render its defeat highly probable.

CLYMER ON JOHNSON.

In the Senate of Pennsylvania, March 6, 1863, Mr. HARRY WHITE presented a resolution in the words following:

"Whereas, Gov. Andrew Johnson of Tennessee, a brave and loyal man, whose devotion to the Union is fully attested by his sacrifices and efforts in behalf of the cause of his country, and ex-Gov. Joseph A. Wright, a distinguished and patriotic citizen of the State of Indiana, are about to visit Harrisburg, and propose to address the people on the great questions now agitating the public mind and which are of so much moment to the stability of the general government; therefore,

"Resolved, That Gov. Andrew Johnson of Tennessee, and ex-Gov. Joseph A. Wright of Indiana, be, and they are hereby tendered the use of the Hall of the Senate this afternoon, for the purpose of addressing their fellow-citizens of Pennsylvania."

The courtesy proposed was not unusual. Not a season passes but the Hall of one or both the Houses is occupied either by popular conventions or public addresses. But the resolution of Mr. WHITE excited the ire of Mr. CLYMER, and he demanded the yeas and nays on its passage. In the debate that ensued Mr. CLYMER brought forward two reasons for refusing to extend this courtesy to Gov. JOHNSON. One of these reasons was founded on professed public policy, the other on private antipathy. Hear him on each:

1. "I here boldly proclaim that he is not at this hour, and never has been by the constitution or under the laws, the Governor of the State of Tennessee, except when years ago he was elected to that office by the people. I say, sir, that his appointment by the President of the United States to that position, was a usurpation of power on the part of the President, and that there is no warrant under the constitution, no authority in the laws for his appointment. And that every act which he has assumed to perform by virtue of his unconstitutional and illegal appointment, has been in derogation of the rights of a sovereign State and in flat violation of the constitution of the United States. I say, sir, furthermore, that no such position as military Governor of a State is known to the constitution of the United States; that there is nothing in that instrument which authorizes the President of the United States to appoint a military Governor of any State, and that to make such appointment was to create the State of Tennessee a military province, and that his appointment was made to carry out and subserve the purposes of the present administration, which is to reduce all the States of this Union to the condition of mere dependencies of a consolidated oligarchy or despotism. This is my position, so far as concerns this pretended Governor of Tennessee. Andrew Johnson has not been for years, and is not now the Governor of that State; and I will not recognize him as such by voting for his resolution."

2. "Take Andrew Johnson as an individual, assuming that he is rightfully clothed with the robes of office, and may constitutionally exercise the duties of that high position; even then I say to you, Mr. Speaker, that I never, by my vote, will allow a man to come into these halls, and from this place speak to the people of this great State, in support of what I know to be illegal, unconstitutional and tyrannical acts of the Federal Government. I know, sir, that Andrew Johnson has gone as far as the farthest, and is ready to go still farther, to destroy, to uproot, to upturn every principle upon which this great and good Government of ours was founded. I know that he has bent with suppliant knee before the throne of power. I know that, for pelf or some other consideration, he has succumbed to every measure presented to him for approval or disapproval; and I know that in speeches delivered in the capitals of other States, he has enunciated doctrines which, if adopted by the people of the great North, would be subversive of individual freedom and personal right. Sir, by no vote of mine can any person holding such views address the people of Pennsylvania in this chamber. Never, sir, never, so long as I have a right to forbid him."

Now, Mr. CLYMER is brimfull and running over with admiration of this same Mr. JOHNSON. He has recently made several pilgrimages to Washington to supplicate his aid in reaching the Governorship of Pennsylvania. He has sent deputations of his friends there on the same errand. The most authoritative statement of the presidential response is that the democrats were admonished to change their candidate.

THE VETO.—So far as our observation goes, the only papers claiming any voice in the Republican ranks that sustain the last veto are the New York *Times*, the Cincinnati *Commercial* and the N. Y. *Commercial Advertiser*. The two last named are not party papers, but have Republican leanings, and the first named (RAYMOND'S paper) will support anything the President does, even to going over into the Copperhead ranks.

A great many papers, such as the N. Y. *Evening Post*, Chicago *Journal*, Springfield *Republican*, Albany *Evening Journal*, and a great many others of the semi-conservative class, that supported the first veto, cannot swallow the second. The party is, as near as may be, a unit in opposition to the last veto.

THE Chicago *Tribune* says: The Secretary of the Treasury early in April last, wrote to one of the editors of the *Tribune*, requesting him to suggest the "*name of some competent Union Democrat for Revenue Commissioner, who had voted for General McClellan for President.*" The letter went on to say, that two members of the Commission, both Republicans, and both from the Eastern States, had already been selected, and that the third member should be a democrat and taken from the west.

In accordance with this request Mr. S. S. HAYES, a member of the present commission, was recommended and appointed.

It is something singular to see a Republican administration hunting for democrats to appoint. No Democratic administration was ever guilty of such folly.

A WASHINGTON telegram says:

"A delegation is here from Richmond to induce the President to forbid negroes celebrating the 3d of April, the anniversary of the surrender of Lee's army and their deliverance. The petitioners claim that there will be a riot, on the part of the whites, of course. Gen. Terry, who is willing the freedmen should celebrate, does not join in the petition. Meantime, preparations for the civic display go forward."

If the President really believes Virginia is in the Union, in the same sense as Pennsylvania, by what right can he presume to interfere in this matter? If the Virginians believe so, it is self-contradictory for them to ask his interference.

EIGHT HOUR SCHEME.—In the Legislatures of New York and Wisconsin bills to make eight hours labor a legal day's work have failed.

GENERAL NEWS.

GOV. AIKEN called upon the freedmen near his place on Johosse, a few days ago, and proposed a contract to them. "Now," said he, "the land is entitled to one-third of the crop, the implements, mules, horses, rations, etc., another third, and the labor one-third. I will give the land and the provisions, implements, etc., and give you one-third of the crop for your labor." They told him that his proposition was very fair, but having a vivid recollection of how he used to feed them in days gone by, they would prefer to change it round a little, so that they could find their own rations, mules, implements, etc., and give him one-third of the crop for his land—just what he said it was entitled to. The Governor left without making an agreement, thinking, doubtless, that freedom had put some very impracticable ideas into their heads, and that it would have been far better for them if they had continued slaves.

HENDERSHOTT and McNary counties in Tennessee are getting rather hot for the reconstructed rebels. Some of them have been indicted for stealing, and it is feared that such a condition may soon exist there that nobody who "participated in the late attempt to erect a separate Government in the Southern States" can remain in that neighborhood without enduring constant insult and oppression. But, on the other hand, the afflicted Confederates are told to cheer up their spirits. The President of the United States is now their friend, and the "Conservative party, now rapidly crystallizing around the administration of Andrew Johnson, will before long triumph at the ballot-box." What a millennium for traitors that will be.—*Chicago Rep.*

WAR OF RACES IN VIRGINIA.—A report was received by Gen. Howard from an officer of the Freedmen's Bureau in Virginia, whose representations are of such a character as compel the conviction that the relations between the whites and blacks is still far from being satisfactory. The officer states that during the month of February he has investigated upward of fifty cases assault made upon the freedmen and others in regard to the non-payment of wages for services rendered, &c. He states that the great difficulty seems to be caused by the whites not being willing to pay for the labor after they have agreed positively to do so.

FRANKLIN STEARNS, the richest man in the Old Dominion under the new regime, is a vermonter, who has passed thirty years in Richmond, been twice married, and who is now worth, in real estate and cash, a million and a-half dollars. He was a violent Unionist, suffered in Castle Thunder, and never kept Confederate scrip a week in his pocket, but loaned it for mortgages on all the farm lands around. Every day enriches him; and as the benefits of peace and freedom are fully developed, he will probably be the proprietor, by the enhanced value of his lands, of twelve or fifteen millions.

THE Eldora (Iowa) *Ledger* gives an account of a man living in Hardin county, who is said to be stronger than the celebrated Dr. Windship. His name is Walter Hadlock. He was a member of company C of the Sixth Iowa infantry. During the march of Sherman's army to the sea he lost his right arm in a skirmish near Macon. He seems to suffer little inconvenience from the loss and chops wood with his left arm. It is no unusual effort for him to cut and cord two and a half cords per day, and he offers a wager of fifty dollars that he can split one hundred and fifty rails in a day.

THE RIGHTS OF MARRIED WOMEN.—The New York Supreme Court has just decided an important case under their law, in which a married woman, in business conducted by herself, had amassed the means of furnishing her house. In an action for debt against her husband by a third party, the furniture was seized and part of it sold. She claimed damages, and the full value of the furniture sold, with interest, was awarded her. The decision of the Court was in effect that the wife's property, earned by herself, was not liable for the husband's debts.

THE Vicksburgh (Miss.) *Herald* mentions with no little pride that Col. Joseph E. Davis, a brother of the famous State prisoner in Fortress Monroe, recently endorsed the policy of Andrew Johnson very enthusiastically at a public meeting, saying that if the principles enunciated now by him "had been adopted by the North in 1860 there would have been no secession." The men who voted the Union Presidential ticket in 1864 scarcely expected support of this kind for one of their nominees in 1860.—*Phil. Press.*

THE agitation of the question of an early resumption of specie payments has had a tendency to restrain the spirit of speculation and to encourage notions of economy, thus, by anticipating the financial shock, lighten its effects, if not stave it off. Our manufacturers, by gradually lessening production, have so far saved themselves from that heavy decline in prices, and perhaps general break-up, that would have been sure to have attended them had they kept up the former supply.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

THERE are now eleven vacant cardinal's hats, and it is reported that six of them will be placed on the heads of the following prelates at the June Consistory: Monsignori Matteucci, ex-governor of Rome; Hohenlohe, the Pope's almoner; Chigi, Papal nuncio at Paris, where he will be succeeded by Monsignore Franchi; Manning, Archbishop of Westminster; Lynch, Bishop of Charleston, and a Mexican prelate.

NEW YORK ELECTIONS.—The Republicans continue to gain in the New York town elections, and always gain most where they take the most radical ground. In Binghamton they nominated Gen. Grant for next President and went into the fight on that issue—Grant on the Republican against Johnson on the democratic side, and carried their ticket by 457 majority—being 100 more than usual.

THE Parisians are now drinking water drawn from the celebrated champagne country of Aisne. The river Dhuis has been brought through an aqueduct 84 miles in length, 74 miles of which are solid masonry work, with an inclination of about six inches to the mile. A little over nine miles are in cast iron conduits across valleys, the inclination of which is about thirty-five inches per mile. The works were commenced on the first of June, 1863, and finished in September last. They cost sixteen million francs.

THE Germantown *Telegraph*, which is not a political newspaper, renders this high compliment to the Republican candidate for Governor: "The nomination of Gen. Geary for Governor of Pennsylvania, to succeed our present distinguished Chief Magistrate, is everywhere hailed with enthusiasm. This may well be the case, for a more sterling man in every respect is not to be found. His loyalty is without condition. His administrative abilities are second to none. His election is beyond a peradventure."

A HORRIBLE case of assault occurred in Memphis a few days ago. Mr. Bomberger an estimable citizen, started home Wednesday evening about ten o'clock. His wife fell asleep after retiring, presuming her husband would be in. She awoke about 5 A. M., and missing him, became alarmed, rushed out and found, to her horrible astonishment, her husband weltering in gore. Some fiend in human shape had knocked him down and mutilated him in the most dreadful manner.

THE BRITISH BUDGET.—Some of the London papers are dissatisfied with the estimates for the military service, because the reduction is only £10,000 in all. But the *Patriot* comforts itself by saying that "the army is gradually disbanding itself, recruits are not to be got on existing terms, and that will be increasingly the case as the intelligence and prosperity of the laboring classes increase." Pretty soon emigration will be found to tell in the same direction.

ON Saturday evening last, a negro man was shot down, two miles from Huntsville, Alabama, without provocation. The negro was going quietly home, riding behind a wagon, on a mule, when he was overtaken by a white man, who drew his pistol and shot the freedman, the ball passing through the left arm and chest into the lung. The negro may possibly recover. The assailant was not captured.

AMONG the several causes asigned for the decline of gold premium, one is found in the fact that since the close of the war there has come into our markets from the Southern States $300,000,000 worth of cotton. The effect of this upon our money market has been the same as if it had been three hundred millions of gold, and it has carried the price of gold down accordingly.

IN Quebec they are so afraid of the Fenians that the gates of the lower town are regularly closed every night at a certain hour, and after that no person can enter. Any one in the suburbs requiring a physician can only get him by sending a message to the gate, where other messengers are stationed to be in readiness to attend to demands of this kind.

THE President has undoubtedly forgotten the fact that Attorney General Bates, now one of his conspicuous supporters, and a fierce denouncer of the Radicals several years ago gave an elaborate opinion maintaining the view that colored freemen are citizens of the United States. He seems to think it a recent radical invention.—*Detroit Tribune.*

BRADLEY T. JOHNSON, of Maryland, who left that State at the beginning of the rebellion and entered the service of the rebels, and returned during the invasion of the State as a General commanding a rebel brigade, was arrested on Tuesday in Maryland, and held to bail in the sum of ten thousand dollars to answer the charge of treason.

AMERICAN CANNON IN EUROPE.—Hon. Cassius M. Clay, U. S. Minister to Russia has taken out patents in that country for Broadwell's American breech-loading gun, and at Carlsruhe, in Baden, a company has been formed for their manufacture. All trials of these guns in Europe have given satisfaction and show their great superiority.

THE Washington correspondent of the Richmond *Examiner* reports that "the conservative Republican Senators have shown much weakness. They expected too much from the demonstrations of the 22d of February. They find the people slow to move in favor of President Johnson, and begin to doubt their own foothold." No wonder.

WHERE ONE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE STOPS.—The Columbus *Journal* has the following:

"It is announced that L. P. Milligan, now a convict in the Penitentiary here for conspiracy against the United States Government, is a Democratic candidate for United States Senator from Indiana."

THE Supreme Court of Ohio has decided the highly important case of the City of Cleveland vs. The State Bank of Ohio, for the recovery of $200,000 of Lake Shore Railroad stock, lent by the city to the Akron branch of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Road. The decision was in favor of the city.

FEARS are expressed that Chinese labor will run out the white laborers in California. Several railroad companies have discharged their white laborers and are employing these people, who work very cheap. There are now ten thousand, and they are pouring into the country in great numbers.

THERE exists, in Paris, an old fashion, at fancy balls, of testing the shape of the leg, and showing that the handsome calf that struts along is only an imitation, which is to thrust a little flag into it with a very sharp point; of course the seat of sensation is not touched.

AT President Johnson's levee on Monday evening, Mr. Johnson was dressed in plain black, with straw colored gloves. The popular anxiety just now is not to know the color of the President's gloves, but to have him show his hand.—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

THE destruction of the Opera House at Cincinnati has waked up the city authorities to the danger of licensing public buildings which have not sufficient means of egress. A general inspection is to be made with reference to this point.

A CITY OF FIRES.—There have been thirty-five alarms of fire in the little city of Elmira, N. Y., and twenty-five actual fires during the past three months. The amount of loss is $118,450, with an insurance of $68,800.

A correspondent who has made inquiry of Gov. Fenton in regard to the matter, says there is no foundation for the story of a probable pardon of Ketchum.

MARRIAGE OF A NUN.—A nun of the order of St. Theresa has just been married to a Barrister in Secli, Sicily.

JARED SPARKS bequeathed his historical manuscript papers, bound in volumes, to Harvard College.

POLITICAL.

THE UNION REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, will meet at the OFFICE OF P. M. MARSHALL, Esq., on THURSDAY, April 5th, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Punctual attendance is requested. W. J. GILMORE, Chairman.
WM. ANDERSON, R. W. THOMAS, } Secretaries.
mh22:2aw&wtdF

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
CHARLES PUGH,
Of Manchester, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh22:4&wtc

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.
JOSEPH BROWNE,
Late of 102d Pennsylvania Volunteers and 5th Pennsylvania Artillery. Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. mh31:tc

CONGRESS.—The friends of HON. JOHN P. PENNEY
Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 23d District. mh13:6wd

CONGRESS.
GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY
IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22D DISTRICT.
mh9:tmd

FOR SHERIFF,
SAMUEL B. CLULEY,
Subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh22:tc&wF

FOR SHERIFF,
CHARLES BARNES,
Late Colonel Sixth Reg. Pa. Heavy Artillery and Brev. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., subject to the action of the Union Convention. mh22:4&wF

FOR SHERIFF.
JOSEPH ROSS,
Of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh15:tc

FOR SHERIFF.
GEN. S. B. M. YOUNG,
Late Colonel Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry.
mh21:tc

FOR SHERIFF.
COL. JAMES M'K. SNODGRASS,
Of McKeesport, (late of the 9th Pa. Reserves,) will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Convention. mh9:tc

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.
DR. WILLIAM J. GILMORE,
Of Upper St. Clair Township. mh21-4&wtcF

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—There is now lying at the Allegheny Wharf, an OIL FLAT, 75 feet long, 21 feet 9 inches wide, 3 feet deep. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away or she will be sold according to law.
mh22:1wd D. D. DAVIS, Wharf Master.

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK
PITTSBURGH, March 28th, 1866.
THE NOTES OF THE CRAWFORD COUNTY BANK, Meadville; OIL CITY BANK, Oil City; VENANGO BANK, Franklin, and PETROLEUM BANK, Titusville, will not hereafter be redeemed by this Bank.
mh29:1f GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

CITY SOLICITOR'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, March 8th, 1866.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO all persons interested, that the report of Appraisers appointed to appertain the damages caused by the change of grade of Penn street, with the assessment and plot thereof, has been THIS DAY filed in my office. If the assessments are not paid within thirty days from this date, liens will be filed therefor against the properties assessed, with interest costs and fees, according to law.
J. F. SLAGLE, City Solicitor,
mh9:3wd Nos. 105 Fifth street.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF DRAYS, HACKS, &c.—Notice is hereby given to all owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c., whether resident or non-resident in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at the Treasurer's office of the City of Pittsburgh, FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly, approved March 30, 1865, and an Ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 18, 1865, and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the License.
The old metal plates of previous years must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or pay 25 cents therefor.

RATES OF LICENSE:

Each One Horse Vehicle	$ 7 50
Each Two Horse Vehicle	12 00
Each Four Horse Vehicle	15 00
Each Two Horse Hack	15 00

Omnibuses and Timber Wheels drawn by two horses, $15 00 each. For each additional horse used in any of the above vehicles, $5 00.
W. EICHBAUM, City Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, February 5th, 1866.—fe5:mavld

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

NEW BOOK BULLETIN.
The latest New Books received at HUNT'S.
THE GRAHAME'S, a novel, by Mrs. Trafford Whitehead.
MRS. WOOD'S NEW NOVEL, ST. MARTIN'S EVE.
AGASSIZ'S NEW BOOK, GEOLOGICAL SKETCHES.
ST. MARTIN'S SUMMER, by Anne H. M. Brewster.
MRS. SOUTHWORTH'S NEW NOVEL, THE FORTUNE SEEKER.
WHITTIER'S NEW POEM, SNOW BOUND.
M'ME LA MERMAND'S FORTUNE TELLER.
LAFRICAN'S, The Maid of Madagascar.
NEW YORK AFTER DARK; Dewitt's illuminated series.
THE CRUISER OF THE BAY. Latest number American Tales.
THE GIRL'S LETTER WRITER. Last number Dime Novels.
ACYROS, THE CORSAIR. Last number Ten Cent Novelette.
THE SCARLET WARRIOR. Last number Ten Cent Novels.

NEW SONG BOOKS.
Tony Pastor's Waterfall Songster.
Billy Holmes' Comic Lyrics.
No. 11 Beadle's Dime Song Book.

DAY'S AMERICAN READY RECKONER.
MARTIN'S SENSIBLE LETTER-WRITER.
And numerous others, together with all the popular Magazines and other new Publications always can be had at
JOHN P. HUNT & CO.'S,
59 Fifth St., Masonic Hall.
mh30

SMITH'S AMERICAN INK,
Exactly like ARNOLD'S FLUID, and about one-third cheaper. Give it a trial. It is endorsed by some of the first accountants in the country.
mh27 J. L. READ, 79 Fourth street.

EDUCATIONAL.

CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL.—WM. H. WAKEHAM, (whose health is completely restored,) will resume his professional duties, at the old School Room, East Commons, Allegheny, and will receive pupils for the half session, on MONDAY, April 9th, 1866. The attention of parents and guardians is respectfully invited.
mh27:1wd

EXCELSIOR INSTITUTE.
AN ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.
THIRTEENTH QUARTERLY SESSION will commence MONDAY, April 9th.
For terms, call at INSTITUTE ROOMS, NEVILLE HALL, corner of Liberty and Fourth sts., or address, for Circular,
Rev. W. S. GRAY, Principal.
Office hours, daily, from 10 till 12 A. M., and from 1 till 3 P. M. mh22:1wd

EASTERN MANUFACTURES

WATCHMAN'S TIME DETECTOR, for corporations and manufacturing concerns—capable of controlling WITH THE UTMOST ACCURACY any number of clocks in any part of the premises. Manufactured by J. E. BUERK, 7 Congress st., Boston. Send for Circular. mh29:2awd

MACHINERY, &c.—H. LITTLEFIELD & CO., Newburyport, Mass., Manufacturers of Patent Improved Motion for Steam Engines; Patent Lever Motions for Looms; Patent Carriage Top Props; State and Territorial Rights in the above Patents for sale.
mh29:2awd

SHOULDER BRACES, SUSPENDERS, &c.—UPTON & BLAKE, Manufacturers of Upton's Patent Shoulder Brace and Eagle Suspenders, 5 John street, Lowell, Mass., are duly licensed. A. W. UPTON.
mh29:2awd R. O. BLAKE.

BOSTON CORSET SKIRT CO., Manufacturers and sole proprietors of the Patent Corset Skirt, which combines economy, comfort and beauty. 110 Court street, Boston. Hoop Skirts of every style and variety. Also, Coraline, and Mrs. Foy's Corset Skirt Supporter. mh29:2awd

REEDS AND HARNESSES.—J. A. COWDEY & SON, Reed and Harness Manufacturers, Providence, R. I., Manufacturers' supplies constantly on hand. mh28:2awd

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—WILLIAM SMITH and EDWIN MILES retired from our firm January 1st, 1866.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—ANDREW D. SMITH, RICHARD C. GRAY, CHARLES L. CALDWELL and DAVID M. SMITH were admitted as members of our firm, January 1st, 1866.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.
PITTSBURGH, March 26th, 1866. mh27:3d

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the style of SMITH, PARK & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent on January 1st, 1866. The affairs of the late firm will be settled by WILLIAM SMITH, who will continue the business.
WILLIAM SMITH,
JAMES PARK, JR.
DAVID R. PARK.
PITTSBURGH, March 26th, 1866. mh27:3d

ARCHITECT.

JAMES H. RALPH,
ARCHITECT,
Prepares EXPLICIT DRAWINGS and SPECIFICATIONS for all kinds of Buildings, and superintends their erection on reasonable terms. Office on 4th avenue, between Wood and Market street, ALLEGHENY CITY. mh28

BRICK MACHINES.

BRICK MACHINES.—THE MATCHLESS BRICK MACHINE, which will turn out from 30,000 to 40,000 bricks per day, with two men and a boy, is now in operation at the Allegheny Arsenal, and perhaps there was never a machine so well adapted to the clay and refuse of the manufacture. Call and see it in operation. Rights for sale. Address, or call on, J. C. SEQUA, General Agent, 128 Fulton street, New York. mh26:2awd

WANTED.

WANTED.—A Girl to do Cooking and general housework. Apply at the GAZETTE OFFICE. ap2:1f

WANTED.—SITUATION.—BY A FIRST-CLASS BOOK-KEEPER, who understands his business thoroughly, and will furnish the most satisfactory references. Address W. J. D., Box 2326, Buffalo, N. Y. mh30:3d

WANTED—Home Employment. A GOOD MAN WANTED in every Town and County in the United States, to engage in an honorable business. First-rate pay allowed. The only qualifications required are tact and industry. Address, with stamp, for particulars, DR. O. PHELPS BROWN, No. 19 Grand street, Jersey City, N. J.
mh30:3t&wF

WANTED—AGENTS—Male and FEMALE, to sell HOLLAND'S (Timothy Titcomb) LIFE OF LINCOLN, "PETROLEUM V. NASBY PAPERS," (a book of true wit and humor,) SARTAIN'S NEW STEEL ENGRAVING, "HOME FROM ANDERSONVILLE," (a picture that should be in every house.) For terms apply or address, enclosing stamp, EMERY & HOWES, 359 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh30:3t&w

WANTED—Good Agents to Sell SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, GRANT AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, (the latter just out;) CHILD'S PRAYER, FIRST LESSON, (match pictures,) and THE AMERICAN INVENTORS. These are all new Books and Engravings, and agents can do better with them than with any other offered to the public. For full particulars, apply to or address ASHER ELLIS, 73 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
mh21:1y&6w:mTW

WANTED.—$1,500 PER YEAR! We want AGENTS everywhere to sell our IMPROVED TWENTY-DOLLAR SEWING MACHINES, three new kinds, under and upper feed; warranted five years. Above salary or large commission paid. The ONLY Machine sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap Machines are INFRINGEMENTS. Circulars *free.* Address or call upon SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.
de9:6eod&wF

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A handsome Horse, dark bay, well trained to saddle and harness, rides under the saddle and trots in hames; high spirited, though perfectly gentle. Warranted sound. Inquire of DAVID AGNEW, 359 Liberty street. mh30:1t

FOR SALE—FARM.—A Farm containing 110 acres, near Newtickley Station, on Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad. For terms, apply at the office of WM. DILWORTH, Jr., corner of Grant and Seventh streets.
mh30:1w&wtd

FOR SALE—FLOUR AND PRODUCE BUSINESS, of over ten years standing, in a good location in the city. A fine opportunity is offered to any person wishing to engage in the Produce Business. All communications strictly confidential. Address P. O. 780, Pittsburgh.
mh22:1f

FOR SALE—IOWA LAND—$2,000 —ABOUT FOUR HUNDRED AND THIRTY ACRES OF LAND, situated near Webster City, Hamilton county, Iowa, (on the line of the Pacific Railroad,) is offered for sale for TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, cash. Address "OWNER," GAZETTE OFFICE. fe25:1f

FOR SALE—Four 2-story Frame Dwellings, on Fayette street.
Also, two Lots on Watson street, 20 by 112 feet to Forbes street.
ap1 JOHN D. BAILEY, Stock and Real Estate Broker, Wilkins Hall, Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A three-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, containing eleven rooms, with gas and water, situate on West Avenue, Allegheny City, near the Mechanic Street Bridge. Lot 34 feet by 120 feet. Title indisputable. Terms moderate. Possession given immediately. Inquire for particulars, apply to J. S. FERGUSON, No. 164 Fourth street. mh22:2wd

FOR SALE—A Valuable Country Residence at Edgewood Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, nine and a half miles from the city. About Eleven acres 165 perches of Land; a fine new Dwelling containing ten rooms and cellar underneath; Fruit and other conveniences on the premises. For further information, call at No. 105 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or on the premises.
J. S. KING.
no7:dtf

FOR SALE—One Lot 20 feet front on Penna. Avenue by 110 feet to Watson street, two-story Brick Dwelling on rear of lot.
Also, one lot 20 feet front on Summer street, Pitt township, by 100 deep, on which is erected a two-story Frame Dwelling.
Also, eleven lots adjoining the above, 20 by 80 to 100 feet.
apl JOHN D. BAILEY, Stock and Real Estate Broker, Wilkins Hall, Fourth street.

FOR SALE ON THE BIG SANDY RIVER.—I offer for sale the MINERAL RIGHT OF NINE HUNDRED ACRES, situated in and on the lands one mile above Peach Orchard Work. The COAL is in abundance, and of good quality. The vein is from FOUR to SIX FEET THICK. Persons wishing to purchase will call at the Kentucky House, Ashland, Ky. Terms cheap and reasonable. Address THOMAS RUSSELL, Ashland, Kentucky. mh29:1md

FOR SALE.
Horse, Cart and Harness
For sale cheap, at
HOWARD'S LIVERY STABLE,
mh30:2d First street, above Smithfield.

FOR SALE—Six Lots in the Borough of Manchester, near the Allegheny City line, on the New Brighton road, with a comfortable Frame House with three rooms; a variety of Fruit Trees, and a hydrant at the door. Also, a number of other Lots in the 1st, 2d and 3d wards, Allegheny, and two splendid Farms, 17 miles from the city, 50 acres each, well improved, and will be sold cheap. Inquire of RAMSEY & HALL, Real Estate Agents, No. 91 Beaver street, Allegheny. mh23:1wd

FOR SALE.—A valuable Store. Warehouse and Dwelling, in a commanding locality, at New Texas, Plum township, Allegheny county, with stable, commodious out-building, &c. This property is situated on one-half acre of good land, with excellent water and other facilities. For terms and information apply to WM. M. MOFFETT, Attorney-at-law, No 90 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh23:2wd&wT

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE. Two two-story Brick Houses, containing four rooms each, situate on Wash ington street, Birmingham. One large Lot fronting on Carson street, East Birmingham, 30 by 100 feet, with a commodious three Frame Houses. As a business stand this is unexcelled in the two boroughs. Possession given immediately. For further information, terms, &c., call on either of the undersigned, at No. 116 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.
A. M. BROWN,
mh24 2NO. S. LAMBIE,
ap3:tf Attorneys at Law.

FOR SALE—A valuable Farm of 113 ACRES, in Penn township, Westmoreland county, about 20 miles from the Pa. R. R., of which there are 75 acres cleared and in good state of cultivation; balance well timbered; a good apple orchard bearing fruit of first quality. The improvements are a good house, a good well of water at the door; frame stable, granery, corn crib and sheep house. The whole farm well watered. No useful prospects for oil one mile from the farm; also at Murrayville, about three miles away. For further particulars, enquire at the office of WM. B. HAYS, 351 Liberty street, up stairs. mh8:1m

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Lodging Rooms to RENT AFTER FIRST OF APRIL.—To twenty (20) respectable young men, in a central location, at low rates. References required. Address "LODGING," GAZETTE OFFICE. mh31:1w

FOR RENT—A Country Seat, containing 15 acres of Rich Soil; large two-story Brick Dwelling, Barn, Stable, Orchard, Spring and Spring House, situated 2 miles from the bridge, opposite J. Knox, a Fruit Gardens. Apply to
mh31 B. McLAIN & CO.

FOR RENT—The Lot on the corner of Butler and Allegheny streets, Ninth ward, together with the old Brick Depot Building thereon. The lot has 160 feet front by 100 feet deep to an alley. Will lease it for five or ten years. Apply to WM. M. DARLINGTON, at No. 39 Fifth street, second floor. mh31:1f

AUCTION SALES.

BUILDING AT AUCTION.—Sale on TUESDAY, April 3d, at 3 o'clock.—The two-story Brick Building on East street, between Second and Third streets, Third Ward, Allegheny, known as Jones' Grocery, will be peremptorily sold for cash, on the premises, on Tuesday, April 3d, at 3 o'clock. The building contains a spacious Store Room, six dwelling apartments, two garrets and two cellars, with gas throughout. There is a stable and hydrant in front and rear. The yearly Ground Rent is $60. The lease runs 99 years from April 1st. The Lot is 20 by 110. Possession on the day of sale.
mh27 A. LEGATE, Auct.

LARGE PEREMPTORY SALE OF
1000 ENTIRE PACKAGES OF
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS,
IN PHILADELPHIA.
JOHN B. MYERS & CO., Auctioneers, Philadelphia, will sell on
Wednesday, April 4, 1866,
1,000 PACKAGES DOMESTIC GOODS, for Cash; 500 CASES FOREIGN GOODS, on a credit of four months, exclusively in whole pkgs.
The attention of jobbers from all sections is invited, as every package offered will be positively sold, and the sale will embrace a large and varied assortment of the best Philadelphia and Eastern Manufactures. mh28:3d

INK.

SMITH'S AMERICAN INK.
A very superior Writing Fluid.

SMITH'S RAILROAD INK,
Prepared without regard to expense, for Office use, where the VERY BEST WRITING FLUID is warranted.

SMITH'S COPYING INK,
Warranted equal to any other in use. Never gets thick, and will copy one year after written.
J. L. READ,
No. 79 Fourth street.
mh29:1f

HATS, CAPS, &c.

1866. HATS, CAPS AND 1866.
Straw Goods
AT WHOLESALE.
McCORD & CO.,
131 WOOD STREET,
Ask particular attention of COUNTRY MERCHANTS to their EXTENSIVE STOCK OF SPRING HATS, etc., which they WILL SELL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. McCORD & CO.

DENTISTRY.

JOSEPH ADAMS, Surgeon Continues to perform all operations of DIAMOND and other Dentistry, at his Rooms, No. 69 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. Dr. A. has had many years' experience, and feels confident he can give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. Dental Rooms.

SARATOGA WATER.

SARATOGA
**ST

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, APRIL 2, 1866.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE AGENTS.

R. M. ALLEN, New Castle, Pa.
MR. RILEY, Penna. Railroad.
MR. RILEY, Pittsb., Columbus & Cincinnati R. R.
E. GLENDENNINGS, Steubenville, Ohio.
F. P. ST. CLAIR, Wellsburg, West. Va.
THOS. RATTIGAN, Oil City, Pa.
JOHN LINNENBRINK, Rochester, Pa.
IMBRIE & BRO., Wellsville, Ohio.
GEORGE CLARK, Smith's Ferry, Pa.
W. SEVERS, Allegheny Valley Railroad.
W. WARD, Monongahela House, Pittsburgh.
B. BRACHMEYT, Washington, Pa.
ISAAC TRESCOTT, Salem, Ohio.
T. C. ALLEN, Columbiana, Ohio.
D. G. HESTER, Alliance, Ohio.
H. HINEMAN, Butler, Pa.
R. J. PIERCE, Mercer, Pa.
JOHN AYERES, Greensburg, Pa.
POSTMASTER, East Palestine, Ohio.
J. SHOOP, Freeport, Pa.
JAS. T. SAMPLE, Allegheny City.
R. M. ALLEN, Sharon, Pa.
H. M'WILLIAMS, Swissvale, Pa.
SHOWERS & SIMONTON, Brownsville, Pa.
J. H. EVANS, McKeesport, Pa.
C. LOOMIS, P. F. W. & C. Railroad.
C. LOOMIS, Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad.
THOS. LINNEGAN, Latrobe, Pa.
J. FETTIGREW, Salem, Pa.
THOS. ZAHTS, Johnstown, Pa.
B. RAMSEY, Sharpsburg, Pa.
M. A. TOWNSEND, New Brighton, Pa.
W. REED, Connellsville, Pa.
ROBT. SHIPMAN, Woods Run, Pa.
CHAS. SOWDEN, Blairsville, Pa.
JNO. ATKINSON, Irwin Station, Pa.
MRS. SARAH HARE, Tarentum, Pa.
S. GASTON, Sewickley, Pa.
SOLOMON FRY, California, Pa.
P. HUTCHISON, Kittanning, Pa.
W. G. BIGHAM, Mansfield, Pa.
HENRY HALL, Indiana, Pa.
A. W. YOUNG, Port Perry, Pa.
J. C. STEWARD, Verner Station, Pa.
A. D. CRAWFORD, Darlington, Pa.
Capt. JOHN HAY, Hayeville, Pa.
D. W. SMITH, Larimer Station, Pa.
H. W. BARNISHEL, Baggage Master, Pa. R. R.
MRS. REYNOLDS, Lawrenceville, Pa.
H. MICAELS, Sup. Mest. Wellsville Accom'n.
JNO. T. WILSON, Torrence Station, Pa.
J. K. STICKLER, Jacob's Creek, Pa.
J. M. REED, Lockport, Pa.
B. RAMAGE, Enon Valley, Pa.
B. MITCHELL, White Ash, Pa.

Foreign and Domestic Duties on Steel.

LETTER FROM AN AMERICAN STEEL MANUFACTURER.

EDITORS GAZETTE: The following letter was sent the New York *Evening Post*, in reply to another in the same paper over the signature "Importer," demanding the proof of Senator Sprague's statement in the United States Senate, respecting the comparative rates of duty on Foreign and Domestic Steel.

With characteristic fairness, Mr. BRYANT refused to publish it, unless it should be condensed into one-half the necessary space—a subterfuge too transparent to deceive any one. The letter is strictly a reply to the points made by his more favored correspondent "Importer," who belongs to a class whose contributions are doubtless more profitable to the proprietors of the *Post*.

The name of WM. CULLEN BRYANT appears as President of the "Free Trade League." The same name is foremost in an application to Congress in favor of an international copyright law, protecting his labors and those of authors generally. Quere. What is there so important in the brain work of Mr. BRYANT and others, that the people through their representatives in Congress should afford them the protection which he asks may be denied to the labor of the American manufacturers?

J. M. C.

To the Editor of the N. Y. Evening Post:

SIR—A friend has just placed in my hands a letter headed "*Steel Producers and Steel Consumers*," dated 7th inst., and published in the *Evening Post*, over the signature of "Importer."

The writer says that he is "*not sufficiently familiar with the manufacture of Steel, and the precise amount of Internal Revenue tax levied thereon in its various stages of manufacture*," to controvert the statement of Senator Sprague in regard to the onerous domestic tax, as compared with the foreign duty on this article.

As "Importer" *would like to see "Senator Sprague's proof,"* I propose to enlighten him, by furnishing him the figures; but before doing so, I will reproduce his own statement as to the cost of *imported Steel* in Liverpool, and the increase of duty thereon since 1846, in order that the reader may be better able to make the comparison. Here it is:

Common German steel for springs of locomotives and railroad cars, and for wagon springs and tires of all kinds is now in Liverpool (£15) fifteen pounds sterling per ton of 2,240 pounds, and the duty on importing it is 2¼ cents per pound; or $50 40 per ton in gold, say 30 per cent. ad valorem.

To show the amount, and rate of increase in the duty since 1846, I append the following table:

Tariff.	Rate of duty.
July, 1846,....	15 per cent. ad valorem, which, on £15 at $4 84, equals $10 89 per ton.
July, 1857....	12 per cent. ad valorem, which, on £15 at $4 84, equals $8 71 per ton.
April, 1861..	$33 60 per ton (specific).
August, 1862..	$39 20 per ton (specific).
July, 1864....	$60 40 per ton (specific).

If we compare the present duties with those formerly paid, we find the increase to be:

2½	per cent. upon the tariff of 1846.
578	per cent. upon the tariff of 1864.
67	per cent. upon the tariff of 1857.
462	per cent. upon the tariff of 1846.

It is claimed by the above statement that the present price of Steel in Liverpool, for springs, tires, &c., viz: "*fifteen pounds sterling per ton of 2,240 pounds*" has been the same since 1846, which is twenty years; and basing this estimate on $4 89 to the pound sterling, it follows that this description of steel was only worth 3 1-5 cents per pound at the port of Liverpool during all that time.

Having some experience in these matters, I do not hesitate to say that an examination of the foreign invoices on file in the New York Custom House will reveal a very different basis for calculation upon the price of steel when the duty was only 12 or 15 per cent. ad valorem.

Apart from this, I shall take no exception to the correctness of "Importer's" figures; but if by reason of cheap labor, steel of this description can be produced in England, so that the current price in Liverpool, with exchange added, is only 3 1-5 cents per pound, the freight, (if not brought in as ballast) being about one-fifth of a cent more, or say less than 3½ cents per pound delivered in New York, to which add the duty, 2¼ cents, making in all but 5¾ cents per pound to the importer in gold, how is it possible for the American manufacturer to compete with his British rival, when the raw material he uses alone costs from $100 to $120 per ton to begin with?

The Internal Revenue tax upon what is known as "Common German Steel," as distinguished from Cast Steel, being levied upon the *selling valuation*, will amount, directly and indirectly, to at least 2½ cents per pound.

I now proceed to show the revenue derived by Government from each ton of Cast Steel manufactured in this country.

The figures are obtained from a carefully prepared statement, published by order of the American Iron and Steel Association, and includes *the indirect tax upon labor*, founded upon the estimates of D. J. Morrell, Esq., of the Cambria Iron Works, as applied to the manufacture of iron rails.

The same per centage has been adopted upon Steel, although from the higher character of the skilled labor employed, it is more than probable the taxes incurred upon the latter class of operatives are considerably greater than upon the former.

The following is intended to show the revenue of Government upon *each ton of rolled or hammered Cast Steel*, made in the United States, under the law as it now stands, viz:

The excise per ton on rolled or hammered Steel is	$15 00
The excise per ton of blooms used in making Steel is	3 00
The excise per ton of bars used in making Steel is	3 00
The excise on cost of crucibles consumed in making Steel per ton	3 00
The excise on ten tons of coal is	90
The excise on cast iron moulds, castings for repairs, fire-brick, oil, &c., used in making one ton of Steel, is	60
The cost of stamps on letters, notes, checks, bills of lading, &c., is	00
The indirect tax (estimated on the same as estimated by D. J. Morrell, Esq., at the Cambria Iron Works, on average value of Cast Steel, 6 per cent inclusive of income tax	22 00
Total	$50 00

From which it appears that the direct and indirect tax paid by the American manufacturer upon every pound of Cast Steel produced by him amounts to 2½ cents.

Will "Importer," whose sensibilities are so shocked at the enormous per centage of increase in the duty on foreign Steel in the last 20 years, be pleased to consult the above table, and exercise his powers of calculation, in demonstrating the per centage of increase in the revenue tax in the last four years, from nothing to 2½ per pound in American Steel?

The official returns of steel of all kinds imported into New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore in the year 1864, under the several classifications for duty, amounted to 31,296,043 pounds, which, computed at the present rate of duty, produced $870,032 38 or 2 78-100c. per pound, being about one-fourth of a cent per pound more duty than the American manufacturer pays his Government in the shape of excise on his production.

Here, then, is abundant proof, that so far from enjoying any protection, the American Steel Manufacturer is oppressed practically, by the *very lowest Free Trade Tariff* ever enacted in this country.

He does not ask for Protection for his own sake merely, but in the interest of American labor, which cannot and *should not* be required to compete with the cheaper labor of Europe. With labor reduced to the English standard, we should ask no odds, having satisfied ourselves of our ability to compete with England and Germany on *equal terms*, for our own markets at least. No better illustration of this truth can be given than the simple fact that the manufacture of Cast Steel was started and successfully prosecuted in this country in 1859, when the duty on imported steel was only 12 per cent ad valoreh. Labor and materials and fuel were all cheap, and American Steel maintained its progress until the Morrill Tariff of 1861 was enacted, affording a full revenue, but not protective duty.

Then followed the Internal Revenue system, taxing our *sales*, and the materials used in our manufacture, by a duplication and triplication of taxes, including at least a tax of ten per cent on profits or income, somewhat after the style described by Sidney Smith of the dying Englishman, who expired amidst a vortex of taxes, was buried in a taxed coffin, and whose virtues were finally recorded and transmitted to posterity on taxed marble.

The signature of "Importer" reminds me that he might as well have added "*and Foreign Steel Manufacturer*;" for it happens, curiously enough, that all our importers of Steel are manufacturers of the article imported. I am not aware of a solitary exception to this rule, notwithstanding the great number of dealers and consummers in this country.

To the initiated, the reason for this is very obvious, and no intelligent merchant or large consumer of foreign Steel is green enough to undertake to import his supplies, when the obliging Steel manufacturer, by himself or his agent, will do it for him on better terms.

If "Importer" desires to continue this discussion, I am entirely at his service, with the understanding that we shall write over our proper signatures, as an earnest of our sincerity; when I doubt not it will appear, as I have intimated, that he is a brother manufacturer.

I am the more willing to enter upon the free discussion of a protective tariff on Steel, from an honest conviction that no enlightened statesman or patriot can fail to appreciate the necessity of fostering and encouraging the manufacture of a commodity as indispensable as gunpowder to the national defense, and for which we should never be dependent on other nations.

When the figures are called for, I am prepared to show by fair and reasonable deduction from established premises, that the people and Government of the United States during the four years of war through which we have just passed triumphantly, notwithstanding the active sympathy of England with the Rebellion, have actually been gainers to the extent of not less than $28,000,000 by the fortunate introduction of the Steel manufacture in this country in time to defeat the British monopoly.

Relying upon your disposition to comply with the old Saxon maxim of "fair play," and to enable me to comply with the demand of "*Importer for Senator Sprague's proof*, I respectfully ask a place in your columns for this communication.

JAMES M. COOPER.

An American Steel Manufacturer.
Pittsburgh, March 24, 1866.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AYER'S PILLS.—Are you Sick, feeble and complaining? Are you out of order with your system deranged and generally uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the precursors of serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping on you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take AYER'S PILLS, and cleanse out the disordered humors, purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, thereby purifying the system of the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and deranges its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement. Within this circle move all the diseases AYER'S Pills, and we know directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly and surely cured by the same means. None who know the virtue of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure, such as Headache, Foul Stomach, Dysentery, Bilious Complaints, Indigestion, Dangerous Fulness of the Blood, Costiveness, Constipation, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms and Suppression, when taken in large doses.

They are Sugar Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative medicine yet discovered.

AYER'S AGUE CURE,

For the speedy cure of *Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in Malarious Districts, caused by the Miasaria of miasmatic countries.*

This remedy has rarely failed to cure the severest cases of chills and Fever, and it has this great advantage over other Ague medicines, that it subdues the complaint without injury to the patient. It contains no quinine or other deletorious substance, nor does it produce quinism or any injurious effect whatever. Shaking fits, however long standing and the worst, try it and you will endorse these assertions.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO., and by all Druggists. mh18:2mx&wF

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS.

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Muley, Cross-Cut, Gang, and all other Varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Cast Steel. Also, the Celebrated REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREET, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. ap25:1y

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, BAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, SOLDER. Also, Importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my23:1yd&wf

WM. BARNHILL & CO.

Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Also, CYLINDER, FLUE AND RIVETED STRAP PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, SMOKE STACKS, BOILER IRON, BOILER HEADS, BRIDGES, SUGAR PANS; and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice.

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER),

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Foundery & Machine Shop,

Manufacturers of STEAM BOATS AND STATIONERY ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER AND BRIDGE IRON WORK.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, or feeding boilers.

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS,

OF WHATEVER NATURE.—A reverend gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing the usual routine and irregular practice of the day, feels it a privilege, without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellowmen the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used.

Address Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, N. Y. mh11:1yd&wT

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,

Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON RAILING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., No. 27 SECOND and 26 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Cast Iron done at short notice. ap3

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER:

OR,

AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION FOR YOUNG MEN. Also, new and reliable treatment of Urinary and Sexual System Address Dr. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ap1:1y

SENT FREE.—A Pamphlet of immense importance to the old and young, married and single, of both sexes, will be sent free by addressing, with stamp enclosed, the Agents, A. HENDRICK & CO., Box 78, Boston Post Office. mh19:1yd&wT Lowell Mirror

WHITE WHEAT—1 car White Wheat in store and for sale by McBANE & ANJER, 124 Second st. mh19

CLOVER SEED for sale by McBANE & ANJER, 124 Second st. mh19

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM HENDERSON.

Engagement for six nights only of the great eccentric Comedian,

MR. JOHN BROUGHAM.

Whose world-wide reputation as an Author and Actor at the present day is unsurpassed.

THIS (Monday) EVENING, will be presented Mr. Brougham's new Comedy, in five acts, entitled

PLAYING WITH FIRE.

Dr. Savage.....Mr. John Brougham.

To conclude with

HOTTO IN A FIX.

In preparation, DAVID COPPERFIELD, and Mr. Brougham's POCAHONTAS.

MATINEE SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at two o'clock, UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

MASONIC HALL.

BLIND TOM,

THE WONDERFUL

BLIND BOY PIANIST,

Will give a Series of his

REMARKABLE CONCEPTS,

COMMENCING

Monday Evening, April 2, 1866.

Admission.....50 cents.
Reserved Seats.....75 cents.

To be had at the Hall daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

N. B.—The STEINWAY CONCERT GRAND PIANO used on this occasion is kindly furnished by H. KLEBER & BRO., No. 122 Wood street. mh23:1td

S. C. J. THAYER, Agent.

HYMN OF PRAISE.

A SYMPHONY AND CANTATA, BY

MENDELSOHN,

Will be performed on TUESDAY EVENING, April 3d, at CITY HALL, at 7½ o'clock, by the

Oratorio Society,

OF 100 VOCALISTS AND 30 INSTRUMENTS.

MISS EMILIE RAIGE.....Soprano Soloist.
MR. C. C. MELLOR.....Pianist.
MR. J. T. WAMELINK.....Conductor.

PART 1.—MISCELLANEOUS.
PART 2.—SYMPHONIA.
PART 3.—THE CANTATA.

Sale of seats will commence on MONDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, at C. C. MELLOR'S and WAMELINK & BARR'S Music Stores.

Price of admission $1.50. No extra charge. mh31:3d

NEW CLASSES ARE FORMING

AT

PROF. COWPER'S

Fashionable Dancing Academy,

WILKINS HALL, Fourth street. Days of Tuition, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY. Gentlemen's Class, eight o'clock evening. Wilkins Hall to rent when disengaged by classes. Apply to PROF. COWPER, at the Hall. mh27:1d

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT,

WILKIN'S HALL.

Its large enough, and not too large by twice; is central in location, and moderate in price.

WILKINS HALL, Fourth street, near Smithfield, is best adapted for Concerts, Lectures, Balls, &c., and Select Parties will find that the floor is nearly waxed, and that out and elegant dancing floor in the city. Terms reasonable. Apply to

PROF. COWPER, at the Hall.

mh27:2wd

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

GOLD 125.

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS

At Corresponding Prices.

We have made still greater reduction on the price of goods, and are now prepared to sell

BOOTS & SHOES

At prices that cannot fail to please every one. Call to-day and be convinced, at

J. H. & W. C. BORELAND'S,

No. 98 Market Street,

Second door from Fifth. mh31

A FULL ASSORTMENT

OF

Ladies', Misses', Gent's and Boy's

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,

Balmorals, &c.,

CLOSING OUT AT

GREAT BARGAINS,

AT

J. A. ROBINSON & CO.'S,

No. 61 Market Street.

mh29

LADIES', GENTS'

AND

CHILDREN'S

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,

BALMORALS,

Slippers, &c.,

AT

T. A. M'CLELLAND'S

AUCTION EMPORIUM,

Nos. 55 and 57

Fifth Street,

Private Sales Day and Evening.

mh19

BARGAINS IN

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Having received our SPRING STOCK of GOODS, among which are all the LATEST STYLES OF LADIES' AND GENTS'

Boots, Gaiters, Balmorals, Polish Boots

And all styles of MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES, we feel confident that it will be to the interest of the buyer to call and examine our goods.

J. H. & W. C. BORLAND,

mh28 No. 98 Market street, 2d door from 5th st.

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE

AT 92 FEDERAL STREET,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

$10,000 WORTH OF BOOTS, SHOES,

Gaiters, Balmorals,

Polish Boots and Gums,

To be sold immediately, without regard to COST, to make room for Spring Goods. You are cordially invited to call and see the Goods.

W. H. McCLINTOCK,

mh22 92 Federal Street, Allegheny City.

J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,

FOR

Ladies' Balmorals and Polish Boots.

mh7 No. 83 Market street.

J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,

FOR

Ladies' Gaiters.

mh7 No. 83 Market street.

J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,

FOR

Gent's Fine Calf Boots.

mh7 No. 83 Market street.

LADIES', GENTS',

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,

At COYLE'S, corner Fifth and Wylie streets. Prices to suit everybody. ap18

VARIETIES AND TOYS.

BUY YOUR NOTIONS,

Toys, Baskets,

VARIETIES, &c., AT

J. G. LAUER'S

Variety and Store, No. 161 Market street. mh16

FOR SALE—FOR RENT.

FOR SALE.—**A Farm of 48** acres and thirty-six perches, situate in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Penna. The improvements are a hewed log dwelling and frame kitchen; bank barn and other out buildings; a good orchard of apple and peach trees, of choice varieties. The farm is underlaid with coal and limestone of the best quality; a flag stone quay of a No. 1 quality, very easy of access to the Monongahela river at Tagg's Ferry. This small farm I am authorized to sell very low for cash.

Also, a Farm of 117 acres, situate in Fallowfield township, Washington county, Pa., about 2 miles from the town of Beatleysville. The improvements are, first, a two story frame house with five rooms; second, a two-and-a-half story hewed log house; third, a No. 1 new barn, 60 by 66 feet; a good spring house, three large orchards of different fruit, apple, peach, pear, plum, quince, cherry, &c., 30 acres cleared; the remainder in good timber. The land is level and of the very best quality, and will be sold at a reduced price.

Also, a Farm of about 120 acres, in Fairfield township, Westmoreland Co., Pa. The improvements are a hewed log house with kitchen attached, a log barn and a tenant house; a good apple orchard, peaches and cherries; about 80 acres cleared, the remainder in the very best white oak timber. The land is good. The location is very healthy. This property I will sell very cheap. Possession immediately.

Also, at gold prices, a Farm of about 143 acres in Fallowfield township, Washington Co., Pa., about one mile west of Lock No. 4, on the Monongahela river. The improvements are a two story log and frame house, a frame barn, wagon shed and other out-buildings; fencing generally good; a young orchard of apples and other fruit trees; 110 acres of coal of the best quality, and a vein of the best limestone convenient for churches, schools, mills, &c. This property I am authorized to sell very cheap.

Also, a farm of about 200 acres, situate in West Wheatfield Township, Indiana county, Penna. The improvements are a good, comfortable, two-story Frame House, with three rooms, a large Frame barn, carriage house, good corn crib, wash house, bake oven and a two-story stone spring house; about 150 acres cleared and in timothy and clover; a good orchard of apple, peach, pear and quince trees. The fencing is generally good. The land is of a good quality, abundance of limestone, and but a short distance from coal. This property will be sold very cheap.

Also, a Farm of about 230 acres, adjoining the above, the improvements are a large two story Log House and a large frame barn; 175 acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation; a small apple orchard; a large two-story milk-house. These two farms united would make a first-rate Stock Farm, or will be sold separately.

Also, the best farm in Fairmeo township, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing 240 acres; about 6 miles south of the Pa. Railroad. The improvements are two large hewed log houses; one of the largest and best frame barns in the township; two apple orchards. The whole farm is under a high state of cultivation. The fencing is all No. 1. The land is of the very best limestone; about 200 acres cleared, the balance in good timber. Possession on the first day of April, 1866. This property will be sold at a great bargain. The owner wishes to engage in other business.

Also, several other Farms ranging from $30 to $200 per acre.

Also, a Farm of 150 acres, situate in McCandless township, Allegheny county, Pa., about 5 miles from the city. The improvements are a Log House, a good barn, a young orchard of apple, peach and pear. I will sell this valuable property very cheap and on easy terms.

For further particulars, inquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,
No. 164 Fourth street.

ONE LARGE ROOM

AND

SEVERAL OFFICES FOR RENT.

ENQUIRE OF

McMASTER, GAZZAM & CO.,

mh23 Attorneys at Law, 98 Grant street.

A HANDSOME COUNTRY HOME

FOR SALE, situate 2½ miles from the city, and within ten minutes walk of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, commanding a beautiful view of the surrounding country. It comprises about 8 acres of ground, highly cultivated and laid out in the most approved style of modern landscape gardening, is studded with shrubbery, and a great variety of the choicest fruits and vines in full bearing. There is also on it a never-failing spring of the purest water, and in wood. The improvements consist in part of a neat Brick Cottage with 7 rooms and wash-house, a large and handsome Bank Stable, an out room for man, &c., a fine large cistern and splendid pump are within a few steps of the kitchen door, and all is under excellent fence. For particulars, price, terms, enquire of (fe28) B. McLAIN & CO.

FOR SALE.

POSSESSION GIVEN APRIL 1ST,

A Delightful Residence in M'Clure Tp.

The Lot is in the highest state of cultivation. Two good Springs on the premises.

For terms, inquire of

JAMES T. SAMPLE,

Real Estate Broker and Insurance Agent,
mh21 No. 55 Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE A Farm of about 58 acres, situate in Elizabeth's township, Allegheny county, Pa., about one mile and a half from the Borough of McKeesport, half mile of the Monongahela river and the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad. The improvements are, first, a Frame Cottage House, with 5 rooms, and a good well of water at the door; second, a Frame Bank barn, with four rooms, with two good springs of water; third, a Log House, with a Frame Bank barn, carriage house and other out-buildings; fencing generally good; a young orchard of apples and other fruit trees; 110 acres of coal of the best quality, and a vein of the best limestone convenient for churches, schools, mills, &c. This property I am authorized to sell very cheap.

Also, a farm of about 200 acres, situated in West Wheatfield Township, Indiana county, Penna. The improvements are a good, comfortable, two-story Frame House, with three rooms, a large Frame barn, carriage house, good corn crib, wash house, bake oven and a two-story stone spring house; about 150 acres cleared and in timothy and clover; a good orchard of apple, peach, pear and quince trees. The fencing is generally good. The land is of a good quality, abundance of limestone, and but a short distance from coal. This property will be sold very cheap.

Also, a Farm of about 230 acres, adjoining the above, the improvements are a large two story Log House and a large frame barn; 175 acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation; a small apple orchard; a large two-story milk-house. These two farms united would make a first-rate Stock Farm, or will be sold separately.

Also, the best farm in Fairmeo township, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing 240 acres; about 6 miles south of the Pa. Railroad. The improvements are two large hewed log houses; one of the largest and best frame barns in the township; two apple orchards. The whole farm is under a high state of cultivation. The fencing is all No. 1. The land is of the very best limestone; about 200 acres cleared, the balance in good timber. Possession on the first day of April, 1866. This property will be sold at a great bargain. The owner wishes to engage in other business.

Also, several other Farms ranging from $30 to $200 per acre.

Also, a Farm of 150 acres, situate in McCandless township, Allegheny county, Pa., about 5 miles from the city. The improvements are a Log House, a good barn, a young orchard of apple, peach and pear. I will sell this valuable property very cheap and on easy terms.

For further particulars, inquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,
No. 164 Fourth street.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE COAL LANDS

Will be sold TO-DAY at reduced prices. This tract is situate in Venango county, Pennsylvania, on the North-Western Pennsylvania Railroad, about two miles east of Agnew. Pa., and contains two very large veins of COAL. IMMENSE RIVER FRONT, and very complete WATER POWER.

For further parsuculars inquire at the Law and Claim Office of

W. J. & HALL PATTERSON,

No. 144 Fourth St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—A Farm, containing about 200 acres, situate in Jefferson township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Monongahela river, one mile from the village of West Elizabeth. The improvements are a two story Brick House with six rooms, a frame house, two stories, with six rooms and a good cellar, corn cribs, wagon sheds and other outbuildings; about 50 acres of the very best river bottom. This property is well located for gardening purposes, and will be sold as a very reduced price. Call quickly and secure one of the best farms on the Monongahela river. G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent. No. 164 Fourth street.

CHEAP FARMS FOR SALE—No. 1 contains 100 acres, in Derry township, Westmoreland county, near Derry Station; house, barn and orchard. The whole offered at $5,000. Easy payments. Apply at once.

No. 2 contains 225 acres, in Burrell Tp., Westmoreland county; well improved; good dwelling; one of the best barns in the county; well watered; first-class grain or stock farm; offered at the low price of $65 per acre. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.

mh21

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE AT SE-

WICKLEY VILLE FOR SALE—Pleasantly situate between Osburn and Sewickley Stations; 40 minutes' ride from the city; 20 to 30 trains passing daily; three acres of choice ground, good soil, fruit trees, shrubbery, etc.; fronting on railroad and river; in excellent neighborhood. Dwelling House of hall, 12 rooms and cellar; well arranged and in good order. Possession April 1st. For price and terms, apply to. R. CUTHBERT & SONS,

mh21 51 Market street.

DWELLING HOUSE ON WYLIE

STREET FOR SALE.—That large and well finished Brick Dwelling on Wylie street, near Fifth, finished in modern style, containing 11 rooms, kitchen, range, bath room, hot and cold water and gas throughout the building. This is one of the most desirable properties for dwelling or boarding purposes now offered for sale. Posession April 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to

ja10:tf B. McLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth street.

DON'T PAY RENT, but call and purchase a very cheap lot in the village of Mount Washington, build yourself a house, become a landlord, save your money, and invest in those 14 valuable lots which I am authorized to sell on very easy terms. For further particulars, inquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,
ja31:tf No. 164 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—155 acres of Coal, situate in Snowden township, Washington county, Penna., near the line of the Steubenville Railroad, at Midway Station, about 22 miles from the city. For further particulars, inquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth street, or to WILLIAM C. CAMPBELL, on the premises. ja31:tf

FOR SALE—A two-story Brick Dwelling of 7 rooms, hall, and vestibule, three rear built, with lot 20 feet front by 120 feet deep on Locust street, Lawrenceville, all in complete order. For further information, terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES,

mh2 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—No. 298 WEBSTER STREET FOR SALE.—A neat well built two-story frame dwelling, of 6 rooms, all well papered and painted; cellar and finished attic, with lot 20 feet front, running back to Enoch street, near Roberts street. Price $2,700.

Also, a House and Lot on Mt. Washington for $1100. S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

CHEAP BUILDING LOT FOR SALE in the Seventh Ward, fronting on Diamond street of 158 feet, and extends back along the line of Reed street 109 feet; well situated for a large manufacturing site. Will be sold on easy terms. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.

DWELLING & LOT OF GROUND, hall, four rooms, two cellars, finished attic, situate in Third Ward, Allegheny. Price $2,500. Possession at 3 months notice.

mh28 S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market st.

320 ACRES OF LAND in Bollin-ger county, Missouri, is offered at $4.00 per acre. Apply to mh19 B. McLAIN & CO.

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

DRUM & SLACK,

Have on hand a Large Assortment of

MOWING MACHINES,
HORSE RAKES,
STRAW CUTTERS,
SUTTHES AND
HAY RAKES,

No. 20 and 30 Ohio St., Allegheny

SEWING MACHINES.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

New Improved Family

SEWING MACHINES,

Simple,

Noiseless,

Perfect.

Makes a Stitch Alike on Both Sides.

Is so simple that a CHILD can learn to use them by simply referring to the printed instructions, which are sent with EVERY MACHINE.

EVERY MACHINE

WARRANTED.

Hemming,
Tucking,
Quilting,
Braiding,
Cording,
Felling,
Stitching,

&c., done on these Machines—done to PERFECTION.

They are the Best in the World.

We ask an examination of our Machines before you make your purchase.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,

mh17 NO. 27 FIFTH ST., PITTSBURGH.

GROVER & BAKER'S

SEWING MACHINES

Have been awarded the FIRST PREMIUMS at the following Fairs for the year 1865:

First Premium for best Machine work at Penna State Fair.

First premium for best Machine work at New York State Fair.

First Premium for best Family Machine at Ohio State Fair.

First premium for best manufacturing Machine Ohio State Fair.

First premium for best Manufacturing Machine Michigan State Fair.

First premium for best Manufacturing Machine Wisconsin State Fair.

First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine Lawrence County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Machine for general purposes, at Lawrence County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Family Machine at Buck County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine Bucks County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Palmyra Fair, N. J.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Suffolk County Fair, N. Y.

First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Schuyler County Fair, N. Y.

First Premium for best Machine for all purposes, at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.

First premium for best Manufacturing Machine, Allegheny County Fair, Pa.

First Premium for best Machine work at Allegheny County Fair, Pa.

and wherever exhibited.

A. F. CHATONEY,

GENERAL AGENT,

oct7:1yeodME No. 18 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

SHAW & CLARK'S

IMPROVED

SEWING MACHINES.

40 Machines

SOLD IN TWO DAYS.

Are manufactured without any complicated machinery, and therefore are not liable to get out of repair, and are perfectly adapted to every description of family sewing and tailoring. We now have these Machines with cheap machines. So we have taken of our prices.

They HEM, FELL STITCH, BIND, EMBROIDER, QUILT, License to ..ow, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker ..ine, Singer's, &c.

All of our Machines are warranted five years.

AGENTS WANTED.

R. H. LONG, Agent,
112 Grant street, near Fifth,
mh9:1ywod PITTSBURGH, PA.

$25 HARTLETT $25

SEWING MACHINE.

Licensed under patents of Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and Singer's O. S., and the only Cheap Machine in the United States, having the right to use the Wheeler & Wilson or four motion Under-Feed.

We want Agents to sell them. Will pay $50 per month, or

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, APRIL 2, 1866.

ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

No. 75 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Dealers in all kinds of Government Securities, Gold and Silver, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Foreign and Domestic Exchange, etc., etc., etc.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made in all parts of the United States on most favorable terms.

Orders executed with despatch for everything in the business at the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh Brokers' Boards strictly on commission.

Draw on H. CLEWS & CO., New York, J. COOKE & CO., Philadelphia; Messrs. C. D. & T. H. PERLEY, Boston.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY, March 31, 1866.

—The agitation of the question of an early resumption of specie payments has had a tendency to restrain the spirit of speculation and to encourage notions of economy, thus, by anticipating the financial shock, lighten its effects, if not stave it off. Our manufacturers, by gradually lessening production, have so far saved themselves from that heavy decline in prices and perhaps general breakup, that would have been sure to have attended them had they kept up the former supply. They have suffered some, but most of them, it is believed, will pass any probable crisis unbroken. The decline in prices of cotton and woollen manufactures since the commencement of the year has been from 25 to 30 per cent., but such comparatively light stocks the loss to the trade has been correspondingly light. The dry goods jobbers and retailers have generally suffered most, according to the amount of capital employed, and this has resulted, in a great measure, from the large amount of imported goods which have been thrown on the market and entered into actual consumption. We occasionally hear it said that the market has touched bottom, and an advance in some particular kinds of goods is quoted in proof of the truth of the declaration. So far as we learn, the dry goods market is very heavy, except for two or three classes of muslins, the product of particular mills. But the general market is full of goods, and so long as imports keep up and consumers are prompted to economy by the impression that a resumption of specie payments is held steadily in view by the Government authorities, there cannot be, in the natural course of things, any general improvement in prices; on the contrary, lower prices may be looked for as among the probabilities of the early future.—*Phila. Ledger.*

—That there should be (says the Philadelphia *Press*) an opposition to the passage of the bankrupt bill in Congress was a fact not anticipated by a large portion of the financial community, who are at a loss to understand the grounds for such opposition. The honest portion of the debtor interest is fully considered in its provisions; the creditor class has more to gain than any other by its passage; and all classes of the community will be benefited by its due enforcement, since it will lead to a more prompt and general division of bankrupt estates, which is all that can be gained from an insolvent by any process of law. There may be some political hindrance operating upon the minds of men of both parties, but if so, it is something they do not avow, and therefore it ought not to be regarded. It is believed there is a clear majority in favor of the measure in both branches of Congress, if it could be brought to a square vote upon its merits.

—The Chicago *Tribune* of March 30th says: The western Trustees of the National Bankers' Express Company returned to-day pretty thoroughly disgusted. They went down to New York and found the whole thing "out and dried," ready for smoking, and they were powerless to do anything. The entire western delegation voted against consolidating with the other Express Companies; but as five-sixths of the stock was owned in New York, the west had no power to do anything. The whole affair was sold "for a song" to the Adams', American and United States Companies. When the western Trustees saw they were powerless to prevent the "swallowing up," they all consented, except W. F. Coolbaugh, of this city, who stubbornly refused to record his vote for such a consummation. Thus ends the National Bankers' Express Company.

Finance and Trade in New York.

STOCKS AND MONEY.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Money easy at 5@6 per cent. on call loans. Sterling exchange dull and nominal at 1,08½@1,07. Gold without decided change, opening at 127¾, declining to 127¾, and closing at 1,28¾.

Governments a shade better. Stocks heavy; United States 6ixes of '81, coupons, 1,05¾; do Five-Twenties of '62, 1,04¾; Fives, 1,01; Forty coupons, 92¾; Missouri 6ixes, 72½; Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, 22¼; Western Union Telegraph, 57¾; D. M. S. S. Co., 2,15; New York Central, 91; Erie, 79¾; do preferred, 94; Hudson, 1,07½; Northwestern, 26; do preferred, 54½; Reading, 99¾; Michigan Southern, 83¾; Michigan Central, 1,01½; Rock Island, 1,11¾; Fort Wayne, 98¾; Chicago and Alton, 96½.

At four o'clock open Board: New York Central, 90¾; Reading, 99¾; Michigan Southern, 83¾; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 77½; Chicago and Rock Island, 1,11¾; Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, 88¾.

In the lower hall of the Stock Exchange the following were the closing prices at 4:30 P. M.: Canton, 46¾; New York Central, 90½; Erie, 74¾; Hudson, 1,07½; Reading, 99¾; Michigan Central 100½; Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana, 83¾; Illinois Central, 1,01½; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 75¾; Chicago and Northwestern, 26; do preferred, 53¾; Cleveland and Toledo, 1,07½; Chicago and Rock Island, 1,12½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, 88½; Ohio and M. Certificates, 24¾.

Mining stocks quiet; Bennehoff, 12,60; Buchanan, 40; Oil Creek, 1,01; Benton, 2,40; Grinnell, 3,00; New York, 55; Smith & Parker, 1,00.

The *Commercial* says: Wall street is unsettled and feverish. Speculation is befogged and timid, and though not panicky yet decidedly weak. The bulls in the stock market are carrying a very heavy load, and despair of forcing up prices any further, while they fear attempting to realize, lest the bears should seize the opportunity and precipitate a heavy fall.

DRY GOODS EXCHANGE.

The following report is made of jobbers, prices: Brown Sheetings—Amoskeag, A, 25; do. B, 24; Bedford, 16. Bleached Shirtings—Lawrence Manufacturing Company, 28; Palmer Run, 25; Palmero, 19. Prints—Hamilton, 19; Sprague, 19½; Dunnel, 17; Arnold, 14. Delaines—Hamilton, 32½; Pacific, 32½. Ginghams—Lancaster, 35; Glasgow, 29½. Cambrics—Washington, 19; Portland, 13. Brown Drills—Pepperell, 26; Wiathrop, 21. Canton Flannels—Manchaug, 36; Nashua, 27. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic and Empress Trail, in good demand.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, March 31.—There is more activity and a firmer feeling in the Wheat market, and prices are ¼@½c higher, with sales of No 1 Spring in regular houses at from $1,24@1,24½, and of the same grade in the Northwestern Elevator at from $1,26@1,28 for winter receipts. At the close there are buyers at the outside quotations. No. 2 Spring is quiet at 80¼@82c. The demand for Flour is fair and the market rules steady but quiet. Sales range from $7,25@8,25 for fair to choice Spring Extra. Corn rules steady with sales of No. 1 at 42@42½c, and of Rejected at 37@37½c, closing firm at 37½c for the latter. About 30,000 bushels No. 1, for April delivery, sold at 44@44½c about. Oats are moderately active at 29¾@29¾c for winter, and at 28@28½c for fresh receipts of No. 1. Rye is selling in a small way at 49@50c for No. 1, and at 48c for No. 2 in store. The Provision market continues dull and nominally unchanged. Mess Pork is quoted at 25,50@26,00, and Lard at 18@18½c for steam and kettle-rendered. Bulk Shoulders sold to the extent of 180,000 lbs at 10¼c packed, and 10c, loose. Beef Hams are irregular, and we note sales at $26,00. Dressed Hogs are selling in retail at $10,75 per 100 lbs. Highly seed is buoyant with sales at from $5,35@5,50. Really choice lots are held at $5,55@5,65. Clover is firm at $9,75@10,00. The yards are still overstocked with Cattle, and a further decline of 15@25c per 100 lbs has been established. Sales range from $6,50@6,80 for common; $6,25@6,50 for medium, and from $6,75@7,75 for choice steers. Hogs are firm and steady at $6,00@6,75. Sheep are dull and 15@25c lower, with sales at $5,00@5,50.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Cotton heavy and drooping at 40@41 cts for Middling. Flour without any decided change, with a moderate business at $7,15@7,55 for Extra State; $8,25@8,60 for Extra O. and $8,55@11 for trade brands, the market closing quiet. Rye flour quiet. Whisky quiet at $2,26@2,27. Wheat is a shade firmer, but less active, at $1,60 for old Milwaukee; $1,65 for new do. Corn without decided change at 71@76 cts for unsound, and 76@79 for sound mixed Western, both in store and delivered. Oats quiet at 80@82c for unsound Western; and 56@58c for sound do. Molasses dull at 75@79c for Porto Rico, and 43 for Muscovado. Petroleum steady; Crude 20@20½c, and 1,000 bbls refined in bond at 40c. Provisions—Pork opened heavy and lower, but closed with more firmness at $25,50@25,87½ for New Mess, closing at $25,75, regular; $24,50@25 for old do, and $21,25@21,50 for prime; also 4,000 bbls new Mess for April, May and June, sellers' option, at $25,75@26,50. Beef steady, at $18@19 for new plain mess, and $20@24 for new extra mess. Beef hams heavy at $25,50@27. Cut meats steady at 16½@18½. Butter quiet at 27@35c for Ohio, and 40@50 for State. Cheese dull at 14@15c.

Baltimore Cattle Market.

BALTIMORE, March 29.—Beef Cattle—The offerings during the past week were 825 head, against 778 head previous week. Owing to a light supply last week, and only a moderate number received this week, prices were a shade better, and the market very brisk. Prices ranged from $3 to $9 per 100 lbs gross—average $7,75. A few extra cattle sold a shade higher.

Sheep—Scarce this week, and prices good; sales of wool Sheep at 7@7½ cents per lb.

Hogs—The market ruled a little stiffer than last week, but with no change in prices worth noticing.

Baltimore Seed Market.

BALTIMORE, March 29.—Clover has been in active demand, principally for shipment. Sales foot up 2,500 bushels, Inclined were 2,800 bush at @6 for common to good; 500 do prime to choice at $6,25@6,75; at the close we quote for common to good, $6,12½@; prime, $6,50@6,75. Timothy is dull and nominal at $5,50@5,75. Flax steady and in demand at $2,35 per bush.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, March 29.—Wheat—Quiet and in moderate request. Sales 1 car No. 1 Milwaukee spring at $1,26; 1 car do at $1,25. Corn—fair demand and firmer; held higher at the close. Sales 3 cars No. 1 shelled at 55c; 3 canals do at 54c. Oats—steady and in moderate request. Held at 47@48c—for No. 1 from store. Rye—no sales. Barley—sale 1000 bush. No. 2 State from store at 95c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, March 31.—Cotton dull at 38c for Middling. Flour drooping, at $6,87½ for single Extra, and $8,25@9,75 for double Extra. Wheat unchanged. Corn as easy. Oats heavy, at 29@30c. Pork firm at $25,50@25½. Bacon unchanged. Bulk Meats range at from 13@13c. Whisky dull and unchanged.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Urilda.....Saint.....Oil City.
Echo.....Gordon.....Oil City.
Bayard.....Moore.....Parkersburg.
Emma Gr'h'm.Stull.....Zanesville.

DEPARTURES.

Julia No. 2.....Conlson.....Zanesville.
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Petrolia.....Colby.....Oil City.

RIVER, WEATHER, ETC.

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The Bayard arrived from Parkersburg. She will return to-day at noon. Passengers and shippers for Parkersburg and intermediate points will find the Bayard all their hearts could possibly desire—efficiently officered, and her accommodations second to no steamer in the trade.

The Emma Graham arrived from Zanesville and will leave for that point on Tuesday at four o'clock p. m. She is a progressive boat, and it would be deemed superfluous for us to say anything further of Capt. Stull's qualifications as a steamboat commander. He is known far and wide as just the man to render full satisfaction to all the patrons of his fleet and handsome boat.

The Urilda and Echo got in from Oil City, having on board a fair cargo of oil and miscellaneous freight. The Petrolia No. 1, Captain Colby, left for the up country on Saturday evening.

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The Belle and Urilda will also leave for the oil regions this evening.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE for the Distribution of the Appropriation to Fire Engines and Hose, for the year 1866.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same,* That of the money heretofore appropriated by Councils to Fire Engines and Hose, Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars shall be and is hereby set apart and shall be paid to each of the following Fire Companies, viz: Vigilant, Neptune, Niagara, Eagle, Allegheny, Duquesne and Relief; and that of the same appropriation, the sum of Three Hundred Dollars shall be paid to each of the following named Hose Companies, viz: Independence and Good Intent, and that of the same appropriation, the sum of One Thousand Dollars shall be paid to The Stewart Hook and Ladder Company.

SEC. 2. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of March, A. D., 1866.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. E. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.

THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.

Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

mh30:3td

AN ORDINANCE Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Setting with Curb-Stone of Logan Street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same,* That the Recording Regulator be and he is hereby directed to advertise for proposals for Grading, Paving and Setting with Curb-Stone of Logan Street, from Webster street to Bedford street, in the Sixth Ward, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance of Councils passed August 31st, A. D., 1857, and an Act of Assembly approved January 6th, A. D., 1854.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of March, A. D., 1866.

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Attest: E. E. MORROW,
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mh30:3td

AN ORDINANCE Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Setting with Curb-Stone of Beech Alley.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same,* That the Recording Regulator be and he is hereby directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading, Paving and Setting with Curb-Stone of Beech Alley, from Bedford to Webster street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance of Councils passed August 31, A. D., 1857, and an Act of Assembly approved January 6th, 1854.

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mh30:3td

AN ORDINANCE Defining Boundary Lines between the Fifth and Sixth, Third and Fourth Wards.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same,* That the division lines between the Western end of the Fifth and Sixth, Third and Fourth Wards, shall be the centre of Fifteenth Street, from Washington street to Liberty street, and thence along Canal street to the Allegheny river.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 26th day of March, A. D., 1866.

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mh30:3td

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
SATURDAY March 31, 1866. }

There was but comparatively little business transacted to-day in business circles, which may be attributed to the fact that the weather was inclement and besides, Saturday is usually one of the dullest days in the week.

GRAIN—Wheat is a little more active, but unchanged. Sale of 1 car, Milkanwie Club at $1,70; 1 car Michigan amber at $1,90; and car White at $2,07. Oats firm with sales from store at 45@48. Corn is quiet and nominal at 65 to 70 for small lots from store. Barley is a little more active but unchanged; we continue to quote at 75 for Spring, and 90 for Fall.

FLOUR—Is quiet but steady with a continued fair jobbing demand, at $8,25 to $8,50 for spring Wheat; $8,60@9½ for half Spring and half Winter; $10@10¾ for all Winter Wheat. Rye Flour quoted at $5 to $5½.

PROVISIONS—Bacon steady, with a fair jobbing demand, at 13@13¾c for Shoulders; 15½@16 for Ribbed Sides, and 21@22 for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is still quoted at 18@18½ for prime kettle. Mess Pork dull and unchanged.

BUTTER—Is steady, with a moderate demand, and prices are pretty well sustained, ranging from 45@55 for common to strictly prime Roll.

EGGS—May be quoted at 23@24.

LARD OIL—Is reported moderately active at $1,70 for No. 1, and $1,60 for No. 2.

POTATOES—Demand fair, market firm, but prices remain about as last quoted—from store, $1,20@1,25, and $3,00@3,75 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Remains unchanged; small sales from store at 13@15 for Apples, and 15@20 for Peaches, quarters and halves.

CHEESE—Is quoted at 23@24 for Hamburg, and 25 for Goshen.

BEANS—Dull with a supply considerably in excess of the demand; small sales from store at $1,75@2,00 per bush, as to quality.

HIGHWINES—Sales reported at $2,28.

HOMINY—Is dull and unchanged at 3 cts to the trade, and 3¼@3¾ in a small way.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE }
SATURDAY, March 31, 1866. }

CRUDE—The market for Crude was comparatively quiet to-day, the reported sales reaching in the aggregate to but little over five hundred barrels, but prices are steady and apparently pretty well sustained—13¼@14, bbls returned; and 18½@19, bbls included, according to gravity. Sale of 100 bbls at 14, and 404 bbls at 19. The receipts continue light, and the stock in this market, especially low gravities, is very light.

REFINED—Is steady with a fair demand, both for present and future delivery, but refiners do not seem disposed to sell, feeling, seemingly, pretty well satisfied that within the next sixty or ninety days the market will be more active and better prices realized. Free Oil is dull and entirely nominal, at 54@55 for small lots.

ARRIVALS—The arrivals of crude by the Allegheny River since our last report, were as follows:

John Bean	54	Strickley & Co	1050
W P Logan	371	Jas Wilkins	60
Fisher & Bro	614	Christaine & Co	100
Total			2155

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TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Day Express	2:20 a m	Mail	1:30 a m
Altoona Accom'n	7:50 a m	Fast Line	2:00 a m
Cincinnati Exp's	9:30 a m	1st Wall Accom'n	6:30 a m
Mail	11:40 a m	Penn Ac'n No 1	7:50 a m
Phil'a Express	4:10 p m	2d Wall Accom	9:00 a m
Johnstown Ac'n	2:50 p m	Johns'n Accom	9:30 a m
Fast Line	10:00 p m	Pitt. & Erie Mail	12:35 p m
1st Wall Accom	6:30 a m	Baltimore Exp's	1:10 p m
2d " "	11:40 a m	3d Wall Accom	1:50 p m
3d " "	4:50 p m	Phil'a Express	2:05 p m
4th Wall's Ac'n	6:05 p m	Wall's Ac'n No 4	7:10 p m
Penn Ac'n No 1	10:50 p m	Altoona Accom.	
		& Emigt Train	10:30 p m

The church train leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 a m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 11:50 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Fast Line	2:50 a m	Fast Line	9.00 a m
Mail	6:20 a m	Mail	3:50 p m
Express	12:20 p m	Express	1:10 a m
Steubenville Accommodation	4:15 p m	Steubenville Accommodation	10:10 a m

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	a m	Express	2:05 a m
Express	3:50 p m	Express	9:15 p m
Express	2:30 p m	Express	9:25 p m
Mail	2:15 a m	Mail	6:15 p m
Wheeling Exp's	4:15 p m		

New Brighton Accommodation leaves Allegheny depot at 9 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 4:20 p. m., and 5:40 p. m., Rochester, 3:15 p. m.; New Castle, 3:50 p. m.; Economy, 10:35 p. m.; Wellsville, 3:50 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Wheeling.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	2:22 a m	Express	3:58 p m
Express	2:50 p m	Express	9:15 p m
Mail	6:23 a m	Express	2:28 a m
Steubenville Accommodation		leaves Allegheny at 3 p. m.	

Pittsburgh and Connellsville.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	7:00 a m	Mail	6:00 p m
Express	3:00 p m	Express	10:00 a m
W. Newton Ac'n	6:15 p m	W. Newton Ac'n	8:30 a m
at McKeesport	11:00 a m	at McKeesport	6:30 a m
24 "	10:00 a m	2d "	2:05 p m
Braddock's Ac'n	4:00 p m	Braddock's Ac'n	5:45 p m
Church Train	1:00 p m	Church Train	10:00 a m

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	5:45 a m	Express	11:00 a m
Express	5:10 p m	Mail	6:10 m
Accommodation	1:40 p m	Accommodation	60 m

Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad, to Oil City and Franklin.

Arrive.	Depart.		
10, 40 Express	7:42 p m	No. 27 Express	6:35 a m

Via. Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, and Beaver Valley.

Brownsville Road—Grand and Water Sts.

Arrives.	Departs.		
11	4:00 p m	5:00 a m	4:00 p m

Harmony Stage, St. Clair St.

Arrives.	Departs.
6¾ p. m.	6:00 a m

Butler Stage—No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Arrives.	Departs.
6¾ p. m.	6¾ a. m.

Washington Stage—Hare's Hotel

Arrives.	Departs.
3¾ p. m.	8:30 a. m.

EXCELSIOR OMNIBUS & LIVERY STABLE,

410 PENN STREET.

JAMES DAIN & SON, Proprietors.

OMNIBUSSES AND CARRIAGES furnished for all balls. Also, Carriages for Funerals, Weddings and Parties, at short notice and reasonable rates. STABLE OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. no7:1yd

ADVERTISING RATES
Established by the Press of Pittsburgh

STANDING MATTER,
One Square of Ten Lines, Eight Words to the Line, or 3-4 Inch Space.

TIME.	Daily.	1 L. 1 week	2 L. 1 week	3 L. 1 week
One time	75			
Two times	1 25			
Three times	1 75			
Four times	2 25			
Five times	2 50			
Six times, one week	3 00	2 00	1 50	1 00
Seven times	3 50			
Eight times	3 75			
Nine times	4 10			
Ten times	4 50			
Eleven times	4 75			
Twelve times, 2 weeks	5 00	3 25	2 50	1 75
Three weeks	7 00	5 00	3 50	2 50
One month	9 00	6 00	4 50	3 00
Two months	15 00	10 00	7 50	5 00
Three months	18 00	12 00	9 00	6 00
Six months	30 00	22 00	16 50	11 00
One year	54 00	36 00	27 00	18 00

CHANGEABLE ONCE A WEEK.

One month	11 00	7 00	5 50	4 00
Two months	17 00	11 50	8 50	5 75
Three months	24 00	16 00	12 00	8 00
Six months	42 00	28 00	21 00	14 00
One year	72 00	48 00	36 00	24 00

SUNDRIES.

SUNDRIES.

200 boxes prime Goshen Cheese;
50 bbls. prime New York Dried Apples;
25 do Dried Peaches, quarters;
50 sacks do halves;
50 bbls. New York White Beans;
25 bbls. Sorghum Syrup;
100 casks Pearl Ash;
50 do Soda Ash;
25 bbls. Manganese;
200 do White Lime;
1,000 pigs Galena Lead;
200 half bbls. Lake Herring;
50 do White Fish;
50 kitts Nos. 1 and 2 Mackerel;
30 half bbls. No. 2 do
500 bbls. Potatoes;
In store and for sale by J. R. CANFIELD,
mh27 141 and 143 First street.

CONSIGNMENTS.

15 bbls. palme Cranberries;
50 boxes Messina Oranges;
50 " Palermo do
30 " Lemons;
25 barrels Turnips;
10 " Eggs;
50 " Lime;
50 " Seed Jersey Buckeye Potatoes;
100 bushels Onions;
1 car load Potatoes;
In store and for sale by W. J. STEEL & BRO.,
mh22:1f No. 18 Third Street.

CONSIGNMENTS OF FRUIT AND PRODUCE.

300 boxes Messina Oranges; prime;
100 " " Lemons; do
20 " Goshen Cheese;
25 " Hams;
100 dozen Canned Peaches;
50 " do Tomatoes;
10 bags Dry Peaches;
10 bbls. Cranberries;
40 " Peach Blow Potatoes;
2000 bush. " do in sacks,
Received and for sale by POTTER, AIKEN & SHEPARD,
mh14 56 Liberty street.

SUNDRIES.

40 bbls. prime Sorghum;
40 " Pickles;
20 " Pickles, in salt;
40 " choice Navy Beans;
40 " New Dried Peaches;
40 " Apples;
20 " Cut and Dry Tobacco;
100,000 Cigars, all grades,
In store and for sale low to the trade by
mh13 CHAS. C. BALSLEY, 201 Liberty pl.

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE

100 bbls. Star of the West;
100 " Golden Fleece;
100 " City Mills, Springfield;
50 " prime Michigan Beans;
300 bush. Red Wheat
10 tons Seconds;
500bush. Ear Corn,
For sale by R. KNOX & SON,
f6 6 79 Diamond, Allegheny

SUNDRIES—9 bales Curled Hair;

2 bags do
2 bales and 2 bags Cowtails,
5 bales Cotton,
1 bbl. Beeswax,
1 do and 1 keg Pealed Peaches;
For sale by
mh10 ISAIAH DICKEY & Co

SALAD SAUCE—Crosse & Blackwell's Prince of Wales Salad Sauce and Salad Cream, an excellent dressing for lettuce, in pint and half bottles; also Olive Oil for table use of the finest quality, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JNO. A. RENSHAW,
mh28 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

SUNDRIES—11 bales Curled Hair

4 do Moss,
4 do Cotton,
1 barrel Beeswax,
1⅛ do Dry Peaches,
1 do and 1 box Mottoes,
Now landing from steamer Nora for sale by
mh22 ISAIAH DICKEY & Co.

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.—LEA & PERRIN'S genuine, in pints and half pints; also, Harvey, Prince of Wales and Cumberland Sauce; Crosse & Blackwell's Walnut and Mushroom Catsup, for fish, game, &c., for sale by
mh1 JOHN A. RENSHAW,
Corner of Liberty and Hand street.

SUNDRIES.

1 bbl. and 2 half bbls. Roll Butter;
½ bbl. Eggs;
4 bags Bean;
1 bag Rags;
In store for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

FISH—

100 half bbls. New White Fish;
200 do do Lake Herring;
25 do Salt Salmon;
25 do do Trout,
For sale by (late) J. B. CANFIELD.

OIL—50 bbls. No. 1 Lard Oil;

25 " 2 do do
100 " Pure Duck Creek Lub. Oil.
In store and for sale by JAMES DALZELL & CO.,
mh19 69 and 70 Water street.

BUTTER—

20 half barrels prime Roll;
10 boxes do do
For sale by (mh28) J. B. CANFIELD.

SUNDRIES—7 bbls. Copper, 5 bbls. Copper, 3 bbls. Brass, 1 box do, 1 bbl. Beeswax, 2 bags and 1 bale Cotton, on steamer Glasgow to arrive, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

BUTTER—15 half bbls. choice Roll Butter just received and for sale by
mh28 FETZER & ARMSTRONG,
Corner of Market and First streets.

EGGS—10 bbls. fresh Eggs just received and for sale by
FETZER & ARMSTRONG,
mh28 Corner Market and First streets.

ENGLISH PAPER HANGINGS—An assortment of RED PAPERS, with and without bold, to arrive next week.
mh24 W. F. MARSHALL, 87 Wood street.

OLD COPPER AND BEESWAX.

3 boxes Copper;
1 cask and 1 box Beeswax,
Now landing from steamer Nora for sale by
mh22 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

BEANS—25 bbls. choice White Beans received and for sale by
McSANE & AMJER,
mh13 No. 134 Second street.

DATES—50 frails new Dates just received and for sale by
REYMER & BROS.,
mh6 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

APPLES! APPLES!! RECEIVED THIS DAY, a car load of choice York State Green Apples, now in store and for sale by
mh24 L. H. VOIGT.

GOLD WALL PAPERS—At low prices, for Parlors and Chambers, for sale by
mh24 W. F. MARSHALL.

EAR CORN—1000 bus. for sale by
mh13 McSANE & AMJER,
No. 134 Second street.

A FINE LOT OF ADAMANTINE CANDLES received and in store at
mh9 JAS. H. SCOTT'S, 56 Liberty st.

PLATFORM SCALE—1 Platform Scale, almost new, in good order, for sale low by
CHAS. C. BALSLEY, 201 Liberty st.

**EASTER EGGS—75 bbls. fresh